Bellefonte Republican.

Established In 1869} "Let Us See To it that A Government of the People, for the People and by the People, Shall Not perish from the Earth."—A. LINCOLN. TERMS : $1.00 Per Year

VOL. XXXII BELLEFONTE, PA., THURSDAY MORNING, MAY 2. 1901. NO. 16.

FOR A NINE HOUR DAY.

Petition From Employes of Delaware, Lackawanna and Western.

MEETING WAS HELD AT SCRANTON

Invitations Had Been Sent to Officials to Attend but Very Few Were Present—May Have Been a Misunderstanding.

TEN HOURS' PAY IS WANTED

SCRANTON, May 1.—Machinists, boilermakers, blacksmiths, carbuilders and laborers from all the shops in Scranton and all along the lines of the Delaware, Lackawanna and Western road in New York, New Jersey and Pennsylvania yesterday presented a petition to their employers for the inauguration of a nine hour day at the same rate of wages that they now obtain for ten hours.

Invitations were sent to the officers of the Delaware, Lackawanna and Western and the other companies to be present at a meeting in the Lyceum theatre last night to receive the petition from the delegates.

Only a few officers of the smaller companies responded, but the petition was formally presented and notice published that an answer would be expected within ten days.

Humphrey D. Campbell, spokesman for the delegates, explained that the novel method of presenting the petition was decided upon as a means of saving the officers of the various companies the trouble of dealing separately with a committee from each union of each craft in the different shops, there being thirty of them in this city alone. He regretted that the company officials had not seen the wisdom of this plan, and said he supposed they would have been present in larger numbers if it had not been that they gained a false impression that there was to be some sort of a discussion and that they would be drawn into it.

A committee representing all the Switchmen of the Delaware, Lackawanna and Western system waited on General Superintendent Clark yesterday and presented a petition for the establishing of standard wages all over the road and for the redress of various minor grievances. Superintendent Clark took the petition under consideration and will give an answer later.

New Rifles for Battalion.

State College has just procured an issue of 200 new cadet rifles complete, from the national government. These, with the old rifles, make up an aggregate of 340 servicable equipments. With the new Cadet band and accoutrements enough to completely equip the whole battalion, a fine commencement drill should and will be expected.

—Two petitions for the appointment of a court reporter to succeed the late J. Frank Condon are in circulation. In one petition the appointment of Miss Gertrude Shields as reporter in the civil courts is asked, and the other petition favors the appointment of J. Foster Meek, Esq., as reporter in both the civil and criminal courts. Judge Bell has the appointing power.

—The kidnapping fiend has struck Blair county. Monday Dr. William B. Miller, Altoona's widely known dentist, received a letter saying that if he did not put up $5,000 his son would be stolen. He is not paying much attention to the matter as he considers it somewhat of a hoax.

—It is a good indication that a girl is dead tired teaching school when she smiles pleasantly upon a man whose grammar is notoriously bad.

—The State Photographers' Association is holding its twenty fourth annual convention in Reading. About 150 delegates are in attendance.

—The Society of the Sons of the American Revolution on Tuesday opened its twelfth annual Congress and triennial conclave in Pittsburg.

—Fire in the mountains north of Tyrone Tuesday destroyed 800 railroad ties and greatly damaged young growing timber.

—E. A. Hall, the P. R. R. station agent at Houtzdale, was married on Wednesday evening to Miss Lizzie Gardner, of Osceola.

—Quite a serious forest fire is raging in the Nittany mountain south of town.

—Altoona liverymen have organized a trust.

TWO FIRES.

One at Williamsport and the Other at Jersey Shore.

The pretty home of N. M. Edwards, Democratic candidate for congressman at large in the last campaign, at Vallamont, near Williamsport, was destroyed by fire early Monday morning, The inmates were awakened by the smoke and were compelled to jump from the second story windows in their night clothes. Everything in the house was destroyed, including a valuable library. The family found refuge among the neighbors. The loss on the house is between $5,000 and $6,000 with about two thirds insurance.

The large tobacco shed and barn occupied by Junod brothers at Jersey Shore was destroyed by fire Saturday night. It is supposed that tramps set the buildings on fire. About 120 cases of tobacco were burned, together with wagons, tools, etc. The buildings were owned by Mrs. Nice. The tobacco was valued at $12,000, on which there was an insurance of $3,000. The barn was valued at $3,000 and was insured for $600.

Big Riot at Clearfield.

Owing to a riot and to the probable murder of Wm. Edmunds, a laborer at the Harbison-Walker brick yard at Clearfield Saturday night, two tramps charged with the crime narrowly escaped lynching, and a general roundup of vagrants was made by the police. Fourteen of them were lodged in jail.

The shooting occurred in the New York Central railroad yards. A bullet was taken from the wounded man's brain, and although still alive, he will not survive. When he was found unconscious the police made a search of the neighborhood and captured two men on suspicion. While being taken to the jail after preliminary hearing, a mob surrounded the officers demanding the life of their prisoners. The captives were taken to the hospital where they were identified by their victim.

The murder was the result of a fight between two dozen tramps and a number of the employes of the Clearfield fire brick works Saturday night. The tramps and the brickmakers met near the Clearfield and Mahoning bridge. Both parties had been drinking. The tramps opened fire with revolvers. It is alleged, and their opponents, being [illegible], responded with stones. Besides Edmunds, one Layton was shot through the legs.

Sudden Death of Colonel Howard L. Calder.

Lieutenant Colonel Howard L. Calder, member of the lower branch of the Legislature from Harrisburg, died suddenly at the Lochiel Hotel in that city Monday afternoon of pneumonia. Colonel Calder was the son of Rev. James Calder, for many years president of the Penna. State College. He was one of the best known and most popular officers of the National Guard of Pennsylvania and was Judge Advocate General on the staff of Major Gen. Miller. Colonel Calder was in Bellefonte last Thursday night with the legislative committee who were enroute to State College on a visit of inspection.

He was but 37 years of age and his untimely death will be deeply regretted by a host of friends and acquaintance throughout the state. He is survived by a widow, the daughter of Judge William M. Hanna, of Philadelphia.

The Cost to Police Five Cities.

The annual cost of the Chicago police department is $3,300,000, Philadelphia $2,950,000, Boston $1,500,000 and St. Louis $1,400,000. The expense of the police department in all four of these American cities, having a total population of 4,100,000, is $8,000,000 a year. New York with a total population of 3,500,000, expends in police salaries alone more than $10,000,000 annually.

Lumber Trust Formed.

The W. M. Ritter Lumber Company, which it is claimed, will control the output of poplar lumber and 50 per cent of the output of white pine in the South, was organized at Columbus, Ohio, April 27, with a capital of $1,000,000. The company will control 200,000 acres of timber land. James L. Hamill, formerly of Bellefonte but now of West Virginia, is secretary of the company.

William Whitely's Awful Death.

Easton, Pa., April 30.—While at work in his shooting gallery here at an early hour Sunday morning, William Whitely was seized with a fit and fell over a row of coal oil lamps. His clothes caught fire and he was nearly dead before the police broke in the door. He died in the hospital a few hours later. His home was at Passaic, N. J.

—A salad is like a woman. A great deal depends upon the dressing.

—The Hudson river from its mouth to the lakes is 400 miles in length.

COMMISSARY FRAUDS.

Trial of Captain James C. Reed Begins at Manila.

IT MAY BE A CELEBRATED CASE

A Number of Witnesses Examined Monday, One of Whom, Lieutenant Townley; Looked at Matters in a Peculiar Way.

EVIDENCE NOT YET ALL IN

MANILA, April 30.—The trial of Captain James C. Reed, former depot commissary at Manila, and who was arrested about a fortnight ago for alleged participation in the commissary frauds, was begun here yesterday and bids fair to develop into a celebrated case.

Captain Reed is charged with soliciting and receiving bribes and with other misconduct. At the beginning of the trial counsel for the defendant objected on the grounds of irregularity in the convening of the court martial, but the objections were overruled and the hearing of testimony was begun.

Mr. Schindler, manager of the Alhambra cigar factory, testified that in November Captain Reed had told him that Major George B. Davis who was the depot commissary before Captain Reed, but who was sent to the United States, whose name appears on the books as the recipient of $1,000, was $2,000 short in his accounts. Continuing Mr. Schindler testified that they having profitable contracts with the government were asked to help make up the deficiency.

An officer named Franklin, who was assistant commissary, testified to the effect that on March 18, and following the decision of a superior officer, he obtained $1,000 from Major Davis and paid this money over to Schindler.

Inspector General Carlington testified that during the preliminary investigation of the commissary scandals Captain Reed admitted to him of receiving money from Schindler and others and gave as an excuse that the [illegible] was intended to cover Major Davis's beef shortage.

Lieutenant Richard H. Townley, of the navy, at present superintendent of the Manila nautical school, testified that as the result of a conference with Captain Reed he went to see Castle Bros., contractors, who supply the commissary department with vegetables, etc., and wanted them to give Captain Reed $2,000 and 10 per cent commission on all sales. Castle Bros., demurred to this proposition. Lieutenant Townley again went to Castle Bros., and this time only asked them for $2,000. Castle Bros. were reluctant to hand over this sum and Lieutenant Townley explained that Captain Reed was in a position to advance the interests of the firm, and that it would be advantageous to Castle Bros. to oblige him. Lieutenant Townley testified that he further explained to Castle Bros. that Captain Reed might allow them the use of government lighters, and possibly be less rigid in the inspection of goods purchased.

Lieutenant Townley said that he thought Captain Reed was doing a noble thing in aiming to protect the character of a brother officer. He also said that such transactions were not customary in the navy. When cross questioned Lieutenant Townley said, rather sheepishly, that he was not so sure he was doing right in taking the witness chair.

Colonel Charles A. Woodruff, chief of the subsistence department in Manila; explained the circumstances of Captain Reed's appointments and described the duties of the depot commissary, not knowing whether the accounts of Major Davis were correct or not. Colonel Woodruff explained that on December 30 Castle Bros. aroused his suspicions by intimating that money was being collected by an officer of commissary department. Later Colonel Woodruff sent for Captain Reed, who admitted receiving rebates for the purpose of covering the delinquencies of Major Davis. The testimony of Colonel Woodruff is unfinished and other witnesses are awaiting examination. Lieutenant John W. Haussermann, of the Thirty-fourth infantry, is judge advocate of the court, and Major Thomas L. Hartigan, of the Thirty-fifth infantry, and Captain Charles G. Marple, of the Fortieth infantry, are the attorneys for the defendant.

—President McKinley has appointed F. K. Hill postmaster at Sunbury.

—There's one cake no baker should be without, that's a cake of soap.

Benjamin Beaver.

Benjamin Beaver, of State College, died at his home in that place Friday night after an illness of 5 days with pneumonia. Mr. Beaver was perhaps one of the best known men in or about State College. For the past 25 years he was employed at the Penn'a. State College and held the responsible post of chief janitor of the college buildings. Mr. Beaver was best known in Bellefonte as the stage driver from Bellefonte to Pine Grove Mills over which route he drove the stage and carcarried mail for many years prior to the introduction of the railroads through that section of the country traversed by the stage line. The deceased was a prominent member of the State College order of Odd Fellows and of the Lutheran church. He was a man beloved by his friends and neighbors and his death is deeply deplored in the community in which he lived. He is survived by a widow. The funeral occurred Tuesday morning at 9 o'clock. Rev. Aiken of the Lutheran church officiating. The remains were laid to rest in the Pine Hall cemetery.

A Plucky Officer.

Chief of Police Roney, of DuBois, made an exciting capture of two negro burglars at Punxsutawney several days ago. The officer had seen the negroes in DuBois and when he heard that the jewelry store of Jay Hoy had been robbed and, having obtained a clue, he proceeded to Punxsutawney. He saw the darkies going along the track and, although they denied that they had been at DuBois, he slipped the handcuffs on one of the men, fastened him to the railroad bridge, and went after the other fellow, who had fled. He soon caught up to him and under threats of shooting, brought him to bay. The officer took both negroes to DuBois. Some of the stolen articles were found on their persons. They admitted their guilt and were sent to jail.

Jersey Shore Next Year.

At the annual business meeting of the Odd Fellow's anniversary association at Williamsport, Friday, Jersey Shore was selected as the place of meeting next year. The election of officers for the ensuing year resulted in the present incumbents being retained. They are: Wm. J. Kiess, president; Joseph H. Mackey, secretary; H. T. Kreamer, treasurer. The officers are all residents of Williamsport. There were 45 organizations represented at the meeting. Reports of committees were heard and other routine work transacted.

—The faculty of the Susquehanna University at Selinsgrove has extended an invitation to Dr. Holloway, of Bellefonte, to deliver the address to the graduating class of the theological department at commencement in June.

—It pays to be a criminal instead of a pauper in Blair county—which last year spent $198 per capita for the support of its jail prisoners, and $47.16 per head for the maintainance of the inmates of the almshouse.

—One of the regiments just returned to this country left 200 of its members in the Philippines to engage in business. The climate seems to be no serious drawback to the average American.

—The Mill Hall Lime Company have sold their operations at Cedar Springs and their holdings in Centre county to the Lime trust that is negotiating for the purchase of the local lime industries.

—A Beech Creek train bumped into a herd of cows, near Patton, a few days ago. Four cows were instantly killed, a heifer had a leg broken and was afterwards shot.

—R. A. Kinsloe, of Philipsburg, is said to be closing up a deal by which he disposes of the "Bituminous Record" to John G. Platt, who takes possession of the paper on May 1st.

—There will be between 50,000 and 100,000 additional acres of land devoted to rice culture in the South this year.

—The Niagara Falls Power company now generates 50,000 horse-power of electricity and is doubling its capacity.

—France pays for her paupers by means of a tax of 10 per cent. on all theatre tickets sold.

—France will build the finest residence in Washington for housing its American legation.

—It's possible to live with one lung, and nothing unusual to see people half-hearted.

—Ireland produces 140,000,000 yards of linen a year to England's 45,000,000.

—The rule for public houses in a Prohibition town is "Bar none."

DISCOURSE BY PARKHURST

Preached on Topics Connected With Recent Trip South.

REPLY TO GOVERNOR CANDLER

Dr. Parkhurst Said that the Undiscriminating Act by Which the Negroes Were Allowed to Vote was a Blunder Not Easy to Escape from After Once Committed.

DISCOURSE RENDERED IN NEW YORK

NEW YORK, April 29.—The Rev. Dr. Charles H. Parkhurst preached yesterday at the Madison Square Presbyterian church on topics connected with his recent trip south. He also made an incidental reply to Governor Candler, who was reported as having denounced the northerners who took an interest in educational matters in the south.

Dr. Parkhurst said that the party of northern people who recently made the trip referred to, did it, not because they had any special interest in the south as a distinct section, but because they were conscious of the unity which makes the north and south members of each other. The conference held at Winston Salem, in North Carolina, he said, was characterized by the utmost frankness on both sides, and yet, from first to last, not an embittering work was spoken. Referring to Governor Candler's criticisms, Dr. Parkhurst said they would not have been made had the governor of Georgia, as did the governor of North Carolina, come into direct touch with the personnel of the conference, or for five minutes respired the atmosphere which the conference exhaled."

Referring to the estimation in which the people of the south and those of the north hold the negro, Dr. Parkhurst said:

"The southerner does not like the negro any better than the average northerner does, and the two carry themselves toward the negro with just about the same amount of consideration—only of the two, the southern white man has perhaps this advantage, that he does not make so flamboyant a pretense of loving the negro as his northern confrere does. The southern white man dislikes the negro and owns up to it. The white man in the north dislikes the negro and lies about it."

The preacher said further:

"The undiscriminating act by which the negroes had conferred upon them the right to vote was one of those blunders that it is not easy to escape from after once it is committed, but which it would seem we ought to have had northern statesmanship sufficiently intelligent to prevent.

"The counsel that both the northern and southern friends of the negro are now giving him is to keep quiet upon the whole suffrage matter, to keep out of politics, not to talk about the constitution, not to insist upon his right, but to attend industriously to the work of getting himself well ready—which he is not now—for what God and the country and the future may have in store for him."

Dr. Parkhurst closed by the following general reference to present conditions among southern people.

"The south does not altogether love us, but no one there hates us nearly as much as it would be perfectly natural for them to hate us. They are all glad that slavery is done; they are all glad that they are in the union.

They all glory in the flag, even while in tender bereavement they lay flowers upon the graves of the Confederate dead.

We belong to them and they belong to us, and every deed of kindness wisely rendered, every work of sympathetic interest prudently spoken, every new commercial relation, and every interchange of hospitalities discreetly exchanged, will also be so much contribution to that perfect readjustment of relations which shall make for the enrichment of our common history."

—Philipsburg, says the "Bituminous Record," has too many persons who have nothing to do but discourage the efforts of others when they try to earn an honest living by honest endeavor. Bellefonte has its full quota of this class, too, and it would be a good scheme if Philipsburg and Bellefonte could successfully colonize one of the several thousand islands of the Philippine archipelago with this undesirable type of citizenship.

—Millheim is to have a camp of the Modern Woodmen of America.

WILL WED THE PHYSICIAN.

Who Prescribed for Her During an Illness at Paris.

Miss Honora Patton, of Curwensville, who is well known and who has visited friends in Bellefonte, is the subject of the following article published in the Philadelphia Press:

With the approaching marriage of Dr. Wm. D. Gross, the distinguished American physician, at Paris, and Miss Honora Patton, of Curwensville, Pa., culminates a romantic courtship, begun over a year ago, when the talented American heiress was taken ill while studying in the French capital.

After graduation from Mount Vernon seminary, Miss Patton made a tour of the world and later settled in Paris in order to complete her musical education and study the language. Being devoted to her work, Miss Patton entered little into the gaieties of society, and as a consequence of too continuing study her health broke down in February of last year. For many months she was under the constant medical attention of Dr. Gross, and during that time the personal charms of Miss Patton so fascinated the American physician that some months later they became engaged. After a complete recovery Miss Patton returned to this country and a formal announcement of their engagement was made.

Preparations are now being made for one of the most elaborate weddings that has taken place in this part of the state within recent years. Music for the occasion is to be furnished by the Pittsburg orchestra, and a Philadelphia florist has been engaged to decorate the grounds and home of the late Judge Patton, near Curwensville, where the ceremony will be solemnized the first week in June.

Of Interest to Farmers.

Among the acts passed by the present legislature which have been signed by Gov. Stone which are especially interesting to farmers are the following: An act to encourage the preservation of forests, providing that the owner or owners of lands having on it forest or timber trees averaging not less than 50 trees to the acre shall be entitled to a rebate equal to 80 percentum of all taxes local and county not to exceed the sum of 45 cents per acre, provided that no one property owner shall be entitled to receive rebate on more than 50 acres.

A supplement to an act for the taxation of dogs and the protection of sheep provides that in the application thereof for the payment of damage to sheep the tax may be applied to the payment of horses, cattle, mules and swine bitten by mad dog or dogs or necessary to be destroyed by reason thereof.

An act approved by the governor provides that it shall be lawful for the owner or lessee of any premises which are enclosed, to kill on said premises hare or rabbits at any and all seasons of the year, for their own protection but not for sale.

She Knocked Out an Armed Robber.

Mrs. Henry Betz, who operates a bakery in Cumberland, drove off a highwayman who attempted to hold her up early one morning recently as she was coming along a lonely road from her home in Sulphur Springs Hollow to her place of business in this city.

The man thrust a revolver in her face and commanded her to give up her money or die. She made believe she was reaching in the folds of her dress for her money, and as the man turned his head to one side she dealt him a powerful blow under the ear with her fist. The man sank to his knees and she kept raining blows on his head. He eventually regained his feet and rushed away at the approach of a man.

Mrs. Betz is a muscular woman, noted for her fearlessness. Her hand is swollen to twice its normal size as the result of the thumping she gave the highwayman.—Washington Post.

All Compounds.

A certain merchant in a small town was snapped up by the pure food inspector for selling a certain article that should have been labelled compound and was not. The luckless dealer was out of pocket some $90 before he was free from the law's entanglements, and felt decidedly sore over the matter and vowed that he would be ready for the inspector his next trip, and he was.

He procured a small rubber stamp and stamped the word "compound" on all the goods in the store, including shoes, calicoes, muslins, everything in fact bore the magic word under which goods can be sold if they are not pure, and now he sits complacently back and waits for the pure foodman.

—The oldest statue in the world is of the Sheik of an Egyptian village. It is believed to be no less than 6,000 years old.

Additional Locals.

—Does lettuce blush when it sees salad dressing?

—One pound of sheep's wool is capable of producing one yard of cloth.

—John David Thompson, of Howard, has been placed on the United States pension rolls at $12 a month.

—A wreck on the Northern Central at Georgetown delayed the Montandon train due here at 8:55 a. m several hours Saturday.

—Last year the American drink bill amounted to nearly $1.060,000,000. We are surely a billion dollar people and in more ways than one.

—Geo. C. Hickock, Curtiss, Wis, says: "Foley's Kidney Cure has been tested and found to be all you claim for it. I have given it to my father and it is the only thing that ever helped him." All Druggists.

—The Harrisburg Y. M. C. A. building fund has reached $53.750. When $80,000 is assured the erection of the new building will be commenced.

—Joseph H. Mackey, of Williamsport, is being boomed to succeed the late James B. Nicholson as grand secretary of the State Lodge of Odd Fellows.

—Mr. F. D. Arnold, Ia, writes: He was troubled with kidney disease about three years. Had to get up several times during the night but three bottles of Foley's Kidney Cure effected a complete cure, he feels better than he ever did and recommends it to his friends. All Druggists.

—Governor Stone has appointed John B. Steel, Esq., of Greensburg, judge of the orphan's court of Westmoreland county, recently created by the legislature.

—Miss. Mamie Smith, Middlesboro, Ky., Writes: "My little sister had the croup very bad. I gave her several doses of Foley's Honey and Tar and she was instantly relieved. It saved her life." All Druggists.

—Governor Stone has fixed June 5 for the execution of Henry Ivory and Charles Perry, in Philadelphia, for the murder of Professor Roy Wilson White, of the University of Pennsylvania.

—If you are sick all over, and don't know just what ails you, it's ten to one your kidneys are out of order. Foley's Kidney Cure will bring you health and energy. All Druggists.

—The Appropriation committee and other members of the Legislature will pass through Bellefonte this evening on their way to State College to inspect that institution.

—The greatest skin specialist in America originated the formula for Banner Salve. For all skin diseases, all cuts or sores, and for piles, it's the most healing medicines. Beware of substitutes. All Druggists.

—Residents of the Ohio valley have harvested another crop of spring flood experiences that they could easily have done without and which without doubt they would have declined had they been consulted.

—"I had a running sore on my breast for over a year," says Henry R. Richards of Wilseyville, N. Y., 'and tried a great many remedies, but got no relief until I used Banner Salve. After using one-half box, I was perfectly cured. I cannot recommend it too highly." All Druggists.

—Edward Kirk was a private in Fourth Cavalry, N. G. and was killed in the Philippines. A comrade has a box for his parents but he cannot find them. They are supposed to live in Clearfield county. Address I. A. Kline, Johnsonburg, Pa.

—Thomas Maple, Birkbeck, Ill., writes: "I had a very bad case of kidney trouble and my back pained me so I could not straighten up. The doctor's treatment did me no good. Saw Foley's Kidney Cure advertised and took one bottle which cured me and I have not been affected since. I gladly recommend this remedy." All Druggists.

—Mrs. Margaret McCummons, wife of Wm. McCummons of Altoona, died at her home in that city on Friday morning of pneumonia, aged 67 years. She leaves a husband and 7 children among whom is John McCummons of Howard. Sanford White, of Bald Eagle, is a brother of the deceased.

It Saved His Leg.

P. A. Danforth, of LaGrange, Ga., suffered for six months with a frightful running sore on his leg; but writes that Bucklen's Arnica Salve wholly cured it in five days. For Ulcers, Wounds, Piles, it's the best salve in the world. Cure guaranteed. Only 25c. Sold by F. Potts Green drug store.

—Dr. R. G. H. Hayes performed an exceedingly difficult and delicate operation on Miss Kate Baldridge, of Millesburg, Thursday morning. Since the girl was 6 years old both her cheeks have been grown fast to her jaw bones, making it impossible for her to open her mouth at all. She has lived on liquid nourishment passed through the tiny aperture between the lips for years, but recently a tooth fell out of her jaws and she could not get her mouth open far enough to get it out. Dr. Hayes operation was to cut her mouth open from ear to ear, separate the inside of the cheek from the jaws and insert plates to keep them from growing fast again. While we have not been positively informed we have learned that the operation, itself, was quite successful. Its future results will be a matter of interest to many who have been acquainted with this singular case.—Watchman.

CONFESSION OF FAITH.

Action by Committee on Revision of Presbyterian Creed

UNANIMOUS REPORT SECURED

Recommendations Which Will Be Made to the General Assembly, Which Meets in Philadelphia on May 16.

TENOR OF CHANGES TO BE MADE

PITTSBURG, April 27.—Harmonious action was taken by the committee on revision of the creed of the Presbyterian church at its session here Friday, and a unanimous report was formulated for submission to the general assembly, which will meet at Philadelphia, May 15. Rev. Dr. Henry C. VanDyke, of Princeton university, when handing the report to the Associated Press representative, said:

The action taken cannot be emphasized too strongly, for it will have to endure comment and criticism in every Presbyterian home and community in the United States. Ten members signed it, and we are assured that every one of the other four will attach his signature. It was the full committee that met and not a sub-committee. Professor William R. Crabbe, of your city, was prevented by illness from being present. Former President Benjamin Harrison is dead and that leaves Rev. Samuels, of St. Louis, and Elders John M. Harlan, assistant justice of the United States supreme court; John E. Parsons and Daniel R. Noyes, of St. Paul, to sign,

This report was unanimously adopted, with the exception of recommendation B, against which Rev. Dr. William McKibben and Judge E. W. C. Humphrey voted.

The report which the sub-committee will make to the general assembly was unanimously agreed upon as follows:

"Your committee will find, upon an examination of returns from the presbyteries, the following facts.

"I. That the returns indicate that the church desires some change in its credal statement.

"II. That the returns indicate that no change is desired which would in any way impair the integrity of the system of doctrine contained in the Confession of Faith.

"III. These returns indicate that it is the mind of the church that the Confession shall be interpreted throughout, in harmony with the teaching of Scripture, that God is not willing that anyone should perish, nor is it the degree of God, but the wickedness of their own hearts, which shuts some men out from the salvation freely and lovingly offered in Christ Jesus to all sinners.

"IV. Thereturns indicate that a plurality of the presbyteries desired that correction should be made by some new statement of present doctrines.

"V—The returns also indicate a desire on the part of many presbyteries for the revision of the present Confession, especially in chapter III, chapter X, section 3, chapter XVI, section 7; chapter XXII, section 3, chapter XXV, section 6, with amendments concerning the love of God for all men and missions and the Holy Spirit.

"A—In view of these facts we recommend that a committee as provided by the form of government, chapter 23, section 3, appointed by this assembly."

"B. We recommend that this committee be instructed to prepare a brief summary of the Reformed faith, bearing the same relation to the Confession which the Shorter Catechism bears to the Longer Catechism and formed on the general mode of the creed prepared for assembly of 1892, or the "Articles of Faith" of the Presbyterian church of England, both of which doctrines are appended to the committee's report and submitted to the assembly to be referred to the committee that may be selected.

This summary is not to be a substitute for the confession and is not to affect the terms of subscription, but "to vindicate and clear the doctrines of the church from all false aspersions and misconceptions," to give a better understanding of what is believed among and is in no sense to impair, but rather to manifest and maintain the integrity of the Reformed faith.

In late years men have made fortunes out of the tailings of gold mines. The mills in which the ore formerly was crushed and the crude processes then in use allowed a large percentage of the precious metal to escape, and that loss amounted in some cases to a fortune. The stomach is just like a stamp mill in this respect, that when it is not in perfect order it allows the escape and waste of much of the precious nutriment contained in the food. That loss when continuous means the loss of man's greatest fortune,—health. Science offers a remedy for this condition in Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery. It corrects the "weakness" of the stomach, prevents waste and loss of nourishment, and puts the stomach and organs of digestion and nutrition into a condition of health which enables them to save and assimilate all the nutriment contained in the food which is eaten. In all cases of constipation the use of Dr. Pierce's Pleasant Pellets will speedily and permanently cure the disease.

—The REPUBLICAN and New York Weekly Tribune one year for $1.25.

Use It Daily.

Our brush should be used daily in place of the ordinary hair brush, hair washes, or hair growers. If you do not find, after six months' trial, that

Dr. Scott's ELECTRIC Hair Brush

will do all we claim for it send it back and your money will be refunded. You can buy the number one size for

One Dollar.

It Is Guaranteed to Cure

Nervous Headache in five minutes!
Bilious Headache in five minutes!
Neuralgia in five minutes!
Dandruff and diseases of the scalp!
Prevents falling hair and baldness!
Makes the hair long and glossy!

For sale at Dry Goods stores and Druggists or sent on approval, postpaid, on receipt of price and ten cents for postage.

Our book, "THE DOCTOR'S STORY," sent free on request, gives full information concerning Dr. Scott's Electric Belts, $5, $8, and $10. Electric Corsets, $1, $1.25, $1.50, $2, and $3. Electric Flesh Brushes, $2. Electric Safety Insoles, $2. Electric Plasters, 25 cts. Electric Insoles, 50 cts. Elastic Trusses, $2.

GEO. A. SCOTT, 842 Broadway, N. Y.

COMMONWEALTH VS E. L. IRVIN

The most Important trial of the April Court is Being Followed With the Keenest Interest by Large Crowds.

Specially Reported by W. Harrison Walker.

The Grand Jury, in the most important case on the list for trial during the past week Com. vs E. L. Irvin of Ferguson Township, who is indicted for administering nitro-glycerine and for using various instruments to procure an abortion upon the person of Miss Ella McWilliams, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. W. E. McWilliams of Baileyville, returned a "true bill" at two o'clock Wednesday afternoon.

The Com'y was represented by District Attorney N. B. Spangler and E. R. Chambers while Messrs. Reeder and Quigley appeared for the defendant. The following gentlemen were selected as Jurors after exhausting a large list called, to try one of the most serious cases that has been in our courts for quite a number of years.

Park Bullock, J. Will Conley, Wm. Rinesmith, Irvin Harvey, Frank Detweiler, W. E. Furst, Jas. Corl, Gardner Grove, Edw. McCalmont, Wm. Cupp, Robt. Wolfe and John Albright. Before the jury was sworn Col. Reeder made a motion to quash the Bill of Indictment but the same was refused by his Honor Judge Love. There were eight counts in the original indictment. The fourth one was stricken off before the case was opened and the seventh and eighth counts were stricken off at noon on Thursday before the defendant opened his side of the case.

Mr. N. B. Spangler, our able District Attorney, opened the case to the Jury and gave a brief statement of the Commonwealth's side and what they expected to prove.

The first witness called was Mr. W. E. McWilliams, father of the deceased woman and testified to the following facts, in part. Of course a full and complete report for publication of all the evidence as produced during the trial of the case would be highly improper, for the offense is of such a nature that it would not be advisable to have it printed and circulated among the people generally.

Miss McWilliams and Mr. Irvin had been accepted in the community in which they lived as lovers, and were to have been married in March last, at least it was so intimated during the progress of the trial of the case. He had been calling to see her for quite a long time, and on the evening of January 9th last he took Miss McWilliams with him to church. They arrived home that evening at about 9:30 o'clock. Mr. McWilliams testified that after a short time he and Mrs. McWilliams retired, leaving Irvin and their daughter Ella in the parlor. He also stated that his daughter had been in good health and heard her make no complaint whatever during the day or evening. Sometime after one o'clock that night Irvin rapped on the stove pipe and called to Mr. McWilliams to come down quickly as Ella was very sick.

Mr. and Mrs. McWilliams came down as soon as they could and found Irvin and their daughter in the room, Ella lying on the sofa, almost entirely disrobed, unconscious and in convulsions. She was unable to at any time recognize anyone and Dr. Houser was at once sent for. As soon as he arrived all remedies that were known to medical science were put into service. He remained until six o'clock Jan. 10th, after which Dr. Woods of Pine Grove Mills, and Dr. Lowrie of Tyrone were in attendance almost continually until death came at about midnight.

She was buried at Graysville on the 14th of January. No one in the community at the time of the sickness or death, suspected that the girl was in the condition she was afterwards found to be in, and on March 14th the body was exhumed and a diagnosis made by Dr. Seibert of Bellefonte; Dr. Kidder of Boalsburg; Dr. Woods of Pine Grove Mills and Dr. Houser of Baileyville.

It became the concensus of opinion, and the suspicion of malpractice that led to a warrant being issued for the arrest of Mr. Irvin, the defendant, for having attempted an abortion upon the person of his sweetheart and which later terminated in her sudden and untimely death.

The doctors who made the examination and autopsy confirmed the report of the girl's condition and several of the internal organs preserved for a full analysis, which was later made by Dr. Pond, of State College.

Over fifteen witnesses were called on part of the Commonwealth, who testified to the facts above stated as well as to many statements made before and after the death of Ella McWilliams by her lover, E. L. Irvin, and which were very damaging to him. The defendant was seen purchasing drugs, and instruments were found in his possession that would indicate that he intended carrying into effect statements made to his friends and chums. During Ellas sickness he asked one of his intimate friends to go up to see her, and to then report her condition to him, giving as his reason that they might "suspicion him." It was testified also that he intended getting her out of her trouble if possible, no matter what became of him.

Dr. Pond, who made the analysis of some of the internal organs, testified that he found in her stomach about seventenths of a grain of nitro-glycerine.

Other doctors, including Drs. Harris and Seibert, of Bellefonte, testified that that amount of nitro-glycerine would undoubtedly cause death.

Quite a while was occupied in expert testimony on the use and effects of poisoning, and using instruments, etc., in the present case.

Colonel Reeder opened the defense, stating that he would be able to prove that the defendant was entirely innocent of the crime with which he was charged.

Drs. Houser and Kidder were called as experts and were examined fully on what caused the convulsions and later the death of Ella McWilliams. Dr. Houser gave it as his opinion that death was caused by "puerbia eclemtia." He also testified that he found nothing in his diagnosis of the case that would indicate that the defendant attempted committing an abortion. His evidence, as well as that of Dr. Kidder, was most favorable to the defendant, so far as expert testimony was concerned.

The defense then called Mr. Woomer, A. M. Brown and Daniel Irvin, who testified positively to the good character and citizenship of the defendant; that they always heard the defendant highly spoken of by all people.

FRIDAY MORNING.

Court called at 8:30 o'clock and the case of Commonwealth vs. Irvin was at once resumed.

Dr. G. F. Harris was called on part of the defense to give expert testimony, stating upon hypothetical questions that the wounds found on the various organs could not have been made with the instruments found in the possession of the defendant. He explained the different kinds of convulsions and the causes of each. He was also of the opinion that the young woman came to her death from puerperal convulsions.

The defense then closed, the defendant himself not being called in his own behalf.

Dr. Locke was called as an expert in rebuttal to what Dr. Houser testified to, and stated that it would be impossible to have convulsions without irritation.

The evidence all being in the case was closed, when Colonel Reeder addressed the jury in a full and forcible argument which lasted for over one hour and fifteen minutes. E. R. Chambers, Esq., made a very able and pathetic argument on part of the Commonwealth, after which the Court charged the jury, reviewing all the facts in the case.

The jury retired at 11:40 to consider carefully the charges made in the bill of indictment and to pass upon the evidence and arrive at a conclusion as to the guilt or innocence of the defendant.

The jury at 4:20 Friday afternoon handed in their verdict in the case and found Irvin, the defendant guilty on the fifth count, which is: using unknown instruments to produce an abortion, death of woman ensuing, Reeder & Quigley defendant's council moved for a new trial reasons to be filed within 10 days and arguments to be heard at the June argument court. Defendant meanwhile held under $4,000 bail surety approved by the Court.

"Thought it Meant Death Sure."

Mrs. James McKim, of Dunnville, Ont. says of her almost miraculous cure from heart disease by Dr. Agnew's Cure for the Heart: "Until I began taking this remedy I despaired of my life. I had heart failure and extreme prostration. One dose gave me quick relief and one bottle cured me. The sufferings of years were dispelled like magic."—2

Sold by F. Potts Green.

TAKING CHANCES.

People Who Will Learn Only by a Perilous Personal Experience.

As a rule experience is profitable only to the individual who obtains it. When the aged man tries to save youth from mistakes such as he made, the youth smiles to himself: "The idea of that old fossil thinking that an up-to-date young man is going to make mistakes." It is a peculiar trait of human nature that each man thinks he is a little smarter than the others, and that he will succeed where others failed. "Oh, yes," says Smith, "I know that poor Jones got capsized in the rapids, but Jones never was a good hand at the paddle. It's a pity people like Jones will take such chances." And he smilingly launches his canoe to follow Jones alike in his feat and in his failure.

THE EXTREME OF FOLLY.

The most foolhardy man who ever risked his life, or the most infatuated gambler who ever risked his fortune, is a sage compared with the man who attempts to get the best of Nature. The foolhardy man may succeed. The gambler may win. But the man who takes chances with Nature is bound to lose. If the obituaries of tens of thousands who are cut down annually in life's prime were truly written death would not be attributed to this or that form of disease, but to an attempt to evade the necessary laws of health.

The weak spot in the modern man is his stomach. It is in disease of the stomach that many of the maladies begin which carry off the busy men of the day. The seed of disease once planted in the stomach grows and spreads like some climbing parasite about a tree. It throws out a tendril about the heart and presently another which grips the lungs, and others again which take hold of kidneys and liver. Then suddenly the man is smitten by heart disease or lung disease; or succumbs to some malady of kidneys or liver. The real seat of disease is the stomach. And one of the reasons why the diseases of the other organs often fail of a cure is that the treatment ignores the stomach, and attempts to treat directly the other organs, whose diseases are only symptoms of disease of the stomach and other organs of digestion and nutrition.

THERE'S PLENTY OF PROOF

of the soundness of the proposition that diseases of other organs remote from the stomach which are caused by disease of the stomach must be cured through the stomach, and, in fact, cannot be cured in any other way. The best proof in the world is that Doctor Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery, a stomach and blood medicine, cures diseases of heart, lungs, liver, kidneys, etc., by curing diseases of the stomach and digestive and nutritive systems.

"For six long years I suffered with my liver, kidneys, and indigestion, which baffled the best doctors in our country," writes Mr. E. L. Ransell, of Woolsey, Prince William Co., Va. "I suffered with my stomach and back for a long time and after taking a quantity of medicines from three doctors, I grew so bad I could hardly do a day's work. Would have death-like pains in the side, and blind spells, and thought life was hardly worth living. I decided to consult Dr. R. V. Pierce and his staff of physicians. They said my case was curable and I was greatly encouraged. I began taking Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery and 'Pleasant Pellets,' as advised. Before I had taken half of the second bottle I began to feel relieved. I got six more bottles and used them, and am happy to say I owe my life to Dr. Pierce and his medicines. These words are truths, as I live, so if this testimonial can be used in any way to be of benefit you need not hesitate to use it. I shall stand for the Invalids' Hotel and Surgical Institute as long as life lasts."

DON'T DELAY.

Disease never leaps on a man like a lion from ambush and strikes him down at a blow. However suddenly a man may be stricken and however deadly the disease, the time was when it was a little thing, easy of control. If you are suffering from indigestion, dyspepsia, or any form of stomach "trouble," don't put off the proper treatment. "Golden Medical Discovery" will cure diseases of the stomach and organs of digestion and nutrition at any stage, but the cure will be quicker the earlier it is begun.

"For twelve long months I suffered untold misery," writes Mrs. Mollie Colgate, of Randolph, Charlotte Co., Va. "No tongue could express the pain that I endured before I commenced taking Dr. Pierce's medicine. I was not able to do anything at all. Could not eat anything except bread and tea—or if I did the top of my head hurt so it seemed it would kill me; with all that I could do it would burn like fire, but now since taking 'Golden Medical Discovery' I can eat a little of almost anything I want and can do a good day's work as well as anybody can. Am better than I have been for years. I think your medicine is the best that ever was made, for it is the only thing that ever did me any good. I tried many other kinds, but none did me any good but your 'Golden Medical Discovery' and 'Favorite Prescription.' I can never praise them too highly to any one who suffers as I did."

Sick people are invited to consult Dr. Pierce by letter, *free*. All correspondence held as strictly private and sacredly confidential. Write therefore without fear as without fee to Dr. R. V. Pierce, Buffalo, N. Y.

There is no alcohol in "Golden Medical Discovery," and it is entirely free from opium, cocaine, and other narcotics.

Do not allow a dealer for the sake of making a little more profit to foist on you a substitute as "just as good" as "Golden Medical Discovery." There is no other medicine so good *for you*.

A GENUINE AND GENEROUS GIFT.

Dr. Pierce's Common Sense Medical Adviser, containing 1008 large pages and over 700 illustrations, is *given away* to those who send stamps to pay expense of mailing *only*. Send 31 one-cent stamps for the book in strong cloth binding, or only 21 stamps if satisfied to have the book in paper-covers. Address Dr. R. V. Pierce, Buffalo, N. Y.

—Sheriff Brungart took Henry Hoover and Cunningham McIntyre to the Huntingdon Reformatory Thursday.

Foley's Honey and Tar heals lungs and stops the cough.

All druggists.

—The actual work of construction in the new Federal building in Altoona was commenced on Friday, when workmen began laying the footings. Previous to this time only excavating had been done, but now the actual erection of the building is under way.

—Subscribe for the REPUBLICAN.

—Rev. Henry Treverton, who for the past five years has been pastor of the Mapleton and Mill Creek Methodist Episcopal churches, died at his home in Mapleton on Wednesday morning. Interment was made at Everett, Bedford county, Saturday.

BANNER SALVE, the most healing salve in the world.

All druggists.

—The commencement exercises of the Alexandria high school occurred Friday. District Attorney W. I. Swope, of Clearfield, delivered the address before the graduating class.

The Want of Working People.

When the working man or woman feels sick—liver, stomach or kidneys are out of gear—then Dr. A. W. Chase's Kidney-Liver Pills do a world of good acting directly on these organs and the bowels.

BAY CITY.

Mr. L. H. Mans, 1301 Columbus Avenue, Bay City, Mich., by overwork and too assiduous attention to his business, brought on an attack of kidney trouble, which made it necessary for him to leave off working at times. He states:

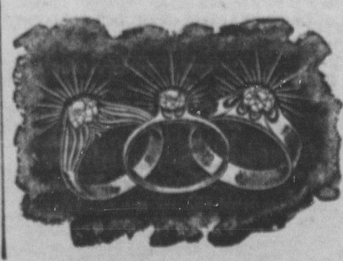
"On the recommendation of Mr. Geo. Leyer, druggist, of this place, I purchased a box of Dr. A. W. Chase's Kidney-Liver Pills for my kidney trouble. They acted so well in relieving my pain and backache that I persisted in the use of them until perfectly cured of my trouble. I am a well man now, thanks to the use of Dr. A. W. Chase's Kidney-Liver Pills."

DETROIT.

Mr. Levi Elsey, 805 McDougal Avenue, Detroit, lived for years expecting death from heart failure and Bright's disease, but was cured by a few boxes of Dr. A. W. Chase's Kidney-Liver Pills. He writes: "For years I lived in constant fear that I should meet death through kidney trouble. I was troubled terribly by pains in my back and about the heart. My troubles are now over, for Dr. A. W. Chase's Kidney-Liver Pills have made me well again. I will gladly answer any letters about this wonderful medicine."

DR. A. W. CHASE'S KIDNEY-LIVER PILLS.

25 cts. a box. All dealers, or Dr. A. W. Chase Medicine Co., Buffalo, N. Y.



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Write to-day and get extra present FREE.

FRANKLIN CHEMICAL COMPANY, 830 Filbert Street, Philadelphia, Pa.

Railroad Guide.

PENNSYLVANIA R. R. AND BRANCHES
Schedule in effect Nov. 26, 1900.

Via Tyrone—Westward.

Le ve Bellefonte 9.53 a m, arrive at Tyrone 11.10 a m, at Altoona 1 p m, at Pittsburg 5.50 p m
Leave Bellefonte 1.05 p m, arrive at Tyrone 2.15 p m, at Altoona 3.10 p m at Pittsburg 6.55 p m
Leave Bellefonte 4.44 p m, arrive at Tyrone 6.00 p m, at Altoona 7.35 p m, at Pittsburg 11 30 p m

Via Tyrone—Eastward.

Leave Bellefonte 9.53 a m, arrive at Tyrone 11.10, at Harrisburg 2.40 p m, at Philadelphia 5.47 p m
Leave Bellefonte 1.05 p m, arrive at Tyrone 2.15 p m, at Harrisburg 6.45 p m, at Philadelphia 10.20 p m
Leave Bellefonte 4.44 p m, arrive at Tyrone 6.00 p m, at Harrisburg 10 p m

Via Lock Haven—Northward.

Leave Bellefonte 9.32 a m, arrive at Lock Haven 10.30 a m
Leave Bellefonte 1.42 p m, arrive at Lock Haven 2 45 p m, at Williamsport 3.50 p m
Leave Bellefonte 8.31 p m, arrive at Lock Haven 9.30 p m

Via Lock Haven—Eastward.

Leave Bellefonte 9.32 a m, arrive at Lock Haven 10.30 a m, leave Williamsport 12 40 p m, arrive at Harrisburg 3.15 p m, at Philadelphia at 6.23 p m
Leave Bellefonte 1.42 p m, arrive at Lock Haven 2.43 p m, arrive at Williamsport 3.50 p m, leave 4 00 p m, arrive at Harrisburg 6.55 p m, Philadelphia 10.20 p m
Leave Bellefonte 8.31 p m arrive at Lock Haven 9.30 p m, leave Williamsport 1.05 a m, arrive at Harrisburg 3.55 a m, arrive at Philadelphia 6.52 a m

Via Lewisburg.

Leave Bellefonte at 6.40 a m, arrive at Lewisburg at 9.05 a m, Montandon 9.15 a m, Harrisburg 11.30 a m, Philadelphia 3.17 p m.
Leave Bellefonte 2.15 p m, arrive at Lewisburg 4.47, at Harrisburg 6.55 p m, Philadelphia at 10.20 p m

For full information time tables, maps, fare, &c., call on Ticket Agents, or address Thos. E. Watt, Pass. Agent Western District, No. 360 Fifth Ave., Pittsburg.

J. R. WOOD, Gen. Pass. Agt.
J. B HUTCHENSON, General Manager.

TYRONE AND CLEARFIELD RAILROAD.
Time table in effect Nov. 26, 1900

NORTHWARD. EXPRESS.	DAY EXPRESS.	MAIL.	STATIONS.	SOUTHWARD EXPRESS.	DAY EXPRESS.	MAIL.
P M	P M	A M	Lv Ar	P M	A M	P M
7 20	3 30	8 20	.... Tyrone	8 5	11 20	6 10
7 26	3 36	8 26	...Eastv ty ...	8 49	11 14	6 04
7 28		8 28	.....Tyrone S.....		11 12	6 02
7 31	3 40	8 31	.....Vail	8 46	11 09	5 59
7 41	3 51	8 42	...Vanscoyoc....	8 36	11 02	5 52
7 45	3 55	8 47	.....Gardner	8 35	10 59	5 48
7 54	4 05	8 57	...Mt. Pleasant..	8 27	10 51	5 39
8 00	4 12	9 05	.....Summit	8 20	10 44	5 32
8 04	4 16	9 09	...Sandy Ridge..	8 14	10 38	5 27
8 06	4 18	9 11	.....Retort	8 11	10 35	5 21
8 07	4 20	9 12	..... Powelton	8 09	10 33	5 19
8 15	4 30	9 19	..... Osceola	7 59	10 23	5 08
		9 26	.Osceola Junct		10 20	5 04
8 19	4 34	9 29	.....Boynton.....	7 55	10 17	5 01
8 23	4 38	9 32	.... Steiners	7 51	10 13	4 57
8 26	4 41	9 40	...Philipsburg ...	7 50	10 12	4 56
8 31	4 57	9 45	.....Graham	7 46	10 07	4 51
8 36	5 02	9 50	.... Blue Ball.....	7 41	10 02	4 46
8 42	5 08	9 56	....Wallaceton....	7 36	9 56	4 39
8 47	5 14	10 02	.....Bigler	7 31	9 50	4 33
8 53	5 2	10 08	...Woodland.....	7 26	9 45	4 27
8 56	5 22	10 11	Mineral Sprigs	7 25	9 42	4 25
9 00	5 26	10 15	..... Barrett	7 21	9 39	4 20
9 05	5 30	10 22	.....Leonard	7 17	9 35	4 15
9 09	5 37	10 26	....Clearfield	7 13	9 31	4 09
9 14	5 44	10 32	....Riverview....	7 09	9 26	4 03
9 20	5 50	10 38	Susque. Bridge	7 04	9 20	3 56
9 27	6 05	10 44	..Curwensville ..	7 00	9 15	3 51
	6 11	10 50	.....Rustic.....	6 54		3 35
	6 19	10 58	.....Stronach	6 46		3 27
	6 25	11 04	....Grampian....	6 40		3 21
P M	P M	P M	Ar Lv	P M	A M	P M

LEWISBURG AND TYRONE RAILROAD
In effect May 27, 1900.

Westward.				Eastward	
p m	a m			a m	p m
1 38	5 40		Montandon	9 15	4 55
1 45	6 35		Lewisburg	9 05	4 47
1 57	6 47		Vicksburg	8 53	4 35
2 05	6 55		Millinburg	8 45	4 27
2 16	7 07		Milimont	8 35	4 16
2 23	7 13		Glen Iron	8 26	4 08
2 51	7 40		Paddy Mountain	8 00	3 43
3 02	7 50		Coburn	7 50	3 32
3 08	7 57		Zerby	7 43	3 25
3 17	8 05		Rising Spring	7 35	3 17
3 23	8 11		Penns Cave	7 28	3 10
3 30	8 18		Centre Hall	7 22	3 02
3 35	8 24		Gregg	7 17	2 55
3 42	8 31		Linden Hall	7 10	2 48
3 46	8 35		Oak Hall	7 06	2 43
3 50	8 39		Lemont	7 02	2 38
3 54	8 43		Dale Summit	6 57	2 34
4 03	8 52		Pleasant Gap	6 48	2 24
4 06	8 55		Axemann	6 45	2 21
4 10	9 00		Bellefonte	6 40	2 15

BALD EAGLE VALLEY—PENNSYLVANIA Railroad Division. Daily except Sunday. Schedule in effect on and after May 28, 1900.

Westward. 55	53	51		Eastward. 50	52	54
p m	p m	a m		a m	p m	p m
3 45	12 10	8 55	...Lock Haven...	10 30	2 43	9 30
3 49		8 59	... Flemington ...	10 24	2 39	9 26
3 51	12 16	9 01	.....Mill Hall.....	10 22	2 37	9 24
4 02	12 26	9 12	...Beech Creek...	10 11	2 26	9 13
4 05	12 29	9 15	....Eagleville....	10 08	2 23	9 10
4 11	12 38	9 24	.....Howard.....	9 59	2 14	9 01
4 20		9 30	...Mount Eagle...	9 53	2 08	8 55
4 25	12 48	9 34	.....Curtin.....	9 49	2 04	8 51
4 32	12 55	9 41	.....Milesburg.....	9 40	1 55	8 42
4 44	1 05	9 53	.....Bellefonte,...	9 28	1 43	8 31
4 53	1 13	10 01	.....Milesburg	9 18	1 33	8 23
4 56	1 16	10 04	...Snow Shoe Int...	9 15	1 30	8 20
5 03	1 25	10 11	....Unionville....	9 07	1 23	8 12
5 12	1 31	10 20	.....Julian	8 58	1 14	8 02
5 21	1 39	10 28	.....Martha.....	8 49	1 06	7 54
5 28	1 45	10 36	..Port Matilda..	8 42	1 00	7 47
5 35	1 51	10 44	.....Hannah.....	8 35	12 54	7 40
5 37		10 46	.... Fowler.....	8 33	12 52	7 38
5 40		10 49	..... Dix	8 30	12 50	7 35
5 46	2 01	10 56	....Bald Eagle....	8 24	12 44	7 29
5 50	2 05	11 00	.....Vail	8 20	12 40	7 25
5 54	2 09	11 04	...East Tyrone...	8 16	12 36	7 21
6 00	2 15	11 10	.....Tyrone.....	8 10	12 30	7 15
p m	p m	a m		a m	p m	p m

Nos. 50 and 55 will run daily.

BELLEFONTE CENTRAL RAILROAD—On and after Monday, April 3rd, 1899, trains will run as follows, leaving the P. R. R. station.

WESTWARD. College Accm.		EAD.			EASTWARD. Mail.	Exp	Bell Ac
1†	†5	†3		Lv Ar	†2	†4	6†
a m	p m	a m			a m	p m	p m
6 30	4 15	10 39		Bellefonte	8 50	2 46	6 4
6 35	4 21	10 37		Coleville	8 40	225	6 3
f6 38	f4 25	f10 42		Morris	f 8 37	f2 22	f6 27
f6 43	f4 28	f10 47		Whitmer	f8 37	f2 17	f6 28
f6 46	f4 33	f10 53		Hunters	f8 31	f2 10	f6 21
f6 50	f4 36	f10 56		Filmore	f8 28	f2 06	f6 18
f6 55	f4 40	f11 02		Briarly	f8 24	f2 00	f6 14
7 00	4 43	11 05		Waddle	8 20	1 55	6 10
f7 03	f4 45	f11 08		Lambourn	f8 18	f1 52	f6 07
f7 12	f4 55	f11 20		Krumrine	f8 07	f1 37	f5 52
7 25	5 00	11 15		State College	8 00	1 30	5 45
f7 27	f5 05	f11 24		Struble	f7 45	f1 34	f5 25
f7 31	f5 10			Bloomsdor (	f7 40		f5 20
7 35	5 15			Pine Grv Mills	7 35		5 15

Morning trains from Montandon, Lewisburg, Williamsport, Lock Haven and Tyrone connect with train No. 3 and 5 for State College. Afternoon trains from Montandon Lewisburg, Williamsport, Lock Haven and Tyrone connect with train No. 5 for State College. Trains from State College connect with Penna R R trains at Bellefonte for points east and west.

† stops on flag. † Daily except Sunday.

F. H. THOMAS, Sup.

SNOW SHOE BRANCH—DAILY EXCEPT Sunday—In effect July 10, 1899.

a m		STATIONS.	p m
11 26	7 27	Arrive Snow Shoe Leave	7 30 3 15
10 00	6 05	Snow Shoe Intersection	9 15 4 56
10 01	5 55	Milesburg	9 18 5 05
9 53	5 45	Leave Bellefonte Arrive	9 32 5 20

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STATE GRANGE FILES PETITION

THE ASSEMBLY MEMORIALIZED

Legislative Committee of the State Grange Gives the Legislature Some Valuable Information.

FACTS AND FIGURES ABOUT TAXATION.

From Quarterly Grange Trade Bulletin.

The legislative committee of the state grange, Patrons of Husbandry of Pennsylvania, presented the following petition to the general assembly through Representative Creasy, of Columbia county:

To the Honorable, the Senate and House of Representatives of Pennsylvania:

Your petitioners, the legislative committee of the state grange, Patrons of Husbandry, of Pennsylvania an association representing the organized farmers of the state, beg leave to address your honorable body, setting forth certain great hardships under which the agricultural class of our state are suffering by the unequal and oppressive rates of taxation upon the farms and real estate of Pennsylvania as compared with the rates of taxation upon other industries, and ask your honorable body to instruct your committees, having in charge the framing of just tax laws, to make a thorough inquiry into the subject. Your petitioners, the state grange, set forth as follows: taken from the latest reports of the secretary of internal affairs and auditor general for 1899:

Appraised value of real estate, per report secretary internal affairs, page 4B, 1899, $2,728,163,336.00.

Aggregate taxes collected by and through counties, per report secretary internal affairs, page 4B, 1899, $55,808,585.32; collected from personal property (money at interest, etc.), per report secretary internal affairs, pages 9B and 10B, 1899, $3,198,971.93; collected on occupations, page 10B, $1,331,736.85; collected on licenses, page 10B, $6,067,833.51 total, $10,598 542.29; leaving baiance collected for local and county purposes from real estate, making total taxes paid by real estate of $45,210,043 03; an average rate of taxation of 16½ mills.

Appraised estimated value of personal and corporate property for taxation for state purposes, as per same reports for 1899, also verified by reports of the Pennsylvania tax conference, representing the different industries of the state. Personal and corporate property, $2,816,794,002.00.

Aggregate taxes collected for state purposes, $15.458,316.97; state revenues collected from licenses, fees, escheats, collateral inheritance, interest on public moneys, bonds, etc., $6,611,384.18, balance collected from taxes on personal and corporate property for state purposes, $8,846,937.79; average rate of taxation on personal and corporate property, 3 mills.

Entire amount of taxes collected for all governmental purposes within the state—Taxes collected for state purposes, $15,804,570.51; taxes collected for county, city and borough purposes, $19,845,226.70; licenses of all kinds collected, $6,067, 833.51; taxes collected for support of poor, $2,603, 482.18; taxes collected for school purposes, $13,6 2,622 76; taxes collected for construction and repair of streets, roads and bridges, $11,312 528 50; total, $69,255,264.16; showing an increase over the previous year of $5,492,714 51.

As still further proof of the gross discriminations in the rates of taxation, between the different classes of property, we herewith submit a detailed statement giving the aggregate appraised value of each class of property so far as they could be ascertained from the state reports, mill rate and amount of taxes paid by each class.

If it is true, as contended by your petitioners, that real estate pays an average tax of sixteen and a half mills and personal and corporate property an average of only 3 mills, then in all fairness and consideration of justness and equity, this gross discrimination, which is in violation of article 9 of the constitution of Pennsylvania, should be redressed by your honorable body.

To partially correct these wrongs your petitioners have prepared and presented to the legislature three bills to provide for the retention of certain revenues by the counties, now collected through the counties for the state. The one provides for the retention of licenses, another for the retention of taxes on municipal loans, etc., and the other for the retention of personal property tax, fees of county offices, collateral and direct inheritance, escheats, etc.

The amount retained by the counties by the provisions of the foregoing bills, which are now before your honorable body, would aggregate nearly $3,000,000 and would lower the tax on real estate locally a like amount, partially redressing the wrongs complained of.

Your petitioners have made no attempt to reimburse the state treasury for the amount proposed to be diverted, but prefer that your honorable body should prepare a bill to equitably distribute it between the different classes of subjects that are not now taxed, or do not bear their equitable share of the burdens of government as compared with real estate.

We, therefore, most respectfully and earnestly urge the passage of these bills and in a measure redress the wrongs inflicted upon the real estate owners of this commonwealth.

COMPARATIVE STATEMENT

Of the appraised valuation of real estate, personal and corporate property, taken from the reports of the secretary of internal affairs, banking commission, auditor general and others, with gross amount of taxes paid and average mill rate.

This statement does not include miscellaneous corporations, of which the state reports do not give any data upon which a property valuation could be based, nor does it include foreign insurance companies, nor the earnings of brokers, upon which no property valuation can be fixed, as they pay merely a license or commission on the business they do within the state.

Real estate—Per report secretary of internal affairs, 1899, parts I and II page 4B: Value of real estate taxable, $2,728,163,336.00; total taxes paid, $45,210,043.03; average rate of taxation, 16 1-5 mills.

Personal Property (money at interest)—Per report secretary internal affairs, 1899, page B253: Personal property (money at interest, mortgages, stocks, etc), $697,307,883.00; taxes paid, see auditor general's report, 1899, page 2, $2,764,258.48; average rate of taxation, 4 mills.

Mercantile Property—Merchandise in stores, estimated (tax conference, page 20). $300,000,000 00; mercantile license tax, 1899, report auditor general, page 2, $518,148 65; average rate of taxation, 1 7 10 mills.

Steam Railroads—Per report secretary internal affairs, 1899, page 705; Capital stock, $1,118,267,610.00; funded debt, $1,007,011,038.00; amount of other liabilities, $185,680,468.00; total steam railroad capital reported, $2,310,968,116.00. Of the above amount of capital reported, 45 per cent. represents the property within the state or a total value of railroad property in Pennsylvania of $1,039,93 ,652.20; total taxes paid 1899, auditor general's report, page 144, $2,839,3 5 41; average rate of taxation, 2¾ mills.

Passenger Street Railways—Report secretary internal affairs, railroads, railways, etc., page 812; Capital stock, $103,122,319.00, funded debt, $31,309,425.00; current liabilities, $13,139,149.00; total $147,570,893,00. Street railways operated by other companies, pages 32 and 829, report secretary internal affairs; Capital stock, $53,407,639,00; funded and unfunded debt, $51 649,487.00; total $95,057,126.00; total passenger street railway capital, $242,628,019,00; total taxes paid in 1899, auditor general's report, page 154, $1,171,090.31; average rate of taxation, 4¼ mills.

National Banks—United States treasury report, comptroller, Jan. 1901, No. 21; Capital stock, $76,648,670.00; surplus $53 492,128.76; undivided profits $15,266,533.62; total $145,407,334.38; total taxes paid, 1899, report of auditor g neral, page 12, $481,582.25; average rate of taxation 3 1-3 mills.

Incorporated State Banks—Per banking report 1899, part I, page 248: Capital stock, $8,152,920.00; surplus $5,956,419.78; undivided profits $1,972,629.16; total $16,080,969,16; amount of tax paid state, $71,412.51; average rate of taxation 4 mills.

Incorporated Savings Institutions—Banking report 1899, part I, page 303, Capital $110,200.00; deposits $7,515,626.59; undivided profits $2,956,860 27; total $10,582,686.86; amount of taxes paid, $33,528.89; average rate of taxation, 3 mills.

Domestic and Foreign Building and Loan Associations and Homestead companies—Per reports banking commission, 1890, part II, page 2; Capital $112,120,436 61; total taxes paid 1899, $33,203 18; average rate of taxation 3-10 of a mill,

Telegraph and Telephone Companies—Per report secretary internal affairs, 1899, page 687, telegraph and telephone companies; Capital stock funded debt, current liabilities $150,644,475 45; proportion in Pennsylvania estimated 20 per cent. $30,128,895 09; taxes paid, report auditor general, 1899, page 161, $95,432.76; average rate of taxation, 3 1-5 mills.

Canals and Navigation Companies—Per report secretary internal affairs railroads, canals, etc., page 689; Capital stock $24,463,462.00; funded debt, $29,347,955.86: total value canals, navigation companies reported $53,811,417.86; amount of taxes paid, auditor general's report, 1899, pages 55, 142, 155 and 156, $143,192.92; average rate of taxation 2 3-5 mills.

The above statement embraces 12 of the leading industries, classified so as to give a comprehensive and intelligent understanding of the valuations, taxes paid and average mill rate of taxation, upon the subjects named. Respectfully submitted.

W. F. HILL, Chairman;
W. T. CREASY, Secretary;
H. W. RICE,
LEONARD RHONE,
Legislative Committee of Pennsylvania, State Grange.
Harrisburg, Pa.

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It may develop so slowly as to cause little if any disturbance during the whole period of childhood.

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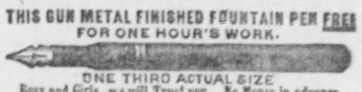

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WILBUR F. HARRIS.

EDITORIAL.

To commit suicide may be the best thing a defaulting bank official can do, but it doesn't return the stolen money.

MANY preventatives of drunkenness are advertised, but the only one that is certain to bring results is to use no intoxicant.

THE average successful man never thinks of telling others how to succeed until he has passed beyond the fear of competition.

TOM JOHNSON'S press agent had better slow up, as it were, or the first thing he knows, and Tom, ditto, the country will decide it has had "Too much Johnson."

IF the powers collect the claims of $500,000,000 filed against China, every resident of the Flowery Kingdom, says the "Omaha Bee," will face the necessity of taking in his neighbor's washing.

A GOOD many people who tried the easy Dakota divorce method will not be disappointed in love's young dream. In fact, in view of the Supreme court decision, the dream in many instances is likely to turn into a nightmare.

THE advertising philanthropist who tells the gullible how to get rich, by investing their money in his schemes, is again occupying much space in the big newspapers and magazines. The crop of "suckers" is inexhaustible.

DEMOCRATIC antics are at times amusing. Recently the newspapers of the party were abusing the Administration for turning Russell Harrison out of the army; now they are abusing it for putting him back in again.

THE financial centre of the world is rapidly shifting from London to New York, just as the commercial supremacy of the world is shifting from Europe to America. It is truly a magnificent future that this country has before it in the century just begun.

SUSAN B. ANTHONY maintains that there is scarcely a woman in the country who doesn't want to vote for president and vice president. However that may be, it is a safe bet to wager that not fifty per cent. of the women of the country can even name the four chief candidates in 1896—and don't care, either.

REPUBLICANS will do well to take to heart Congressman Babcock's demand for the abolition of the tariff on goods that are made cheaper here than they can be abroad. This, it is claimed by political students, is not unlikely to be an issue in the next Presidential election, and the Republicans want to be on the right side of it.

NATURALLY, in adopting and defending principles at variance with those held by the bulk of his party, Senator McLaurin must expect opposition. His opponents, however, do themselves no credit by making coarse personal attacks on him and letting his arguments go unanswered. But, doubtless, that is the best they can do.

CUBA'S COMMISSION COMES AND DEPARTS.

The Cuban delegates have made their visit to Washington, They saw the President, enjoyed his hospitality at the White House and conferred with the Secretary of War whom the President deputized to act for him and the government on the questions involved in the mission of the Cuban Commissioners. The actual result of their visit will doubtless develope through the action of the Cuban convention when their report has been made to that body. That they were well treated and in a manner satisfactory to them seems to be acknowledged. One thing is sure, the delegates go home with a clearer conception of the policy of the United States government to their island than they or their colleagues enjoyed at long range and it is a safe guess that the commission's report of its conference with authorities in Washington will have much to do with the removal of the difficulties with which the Cubans have been contending in their efforts to establish a government consistent with their views and acceptable to the United States.

As expected, the delegates did not so much anticipate that the President would be able to modify the language of the Platt amendment—which they all knew was a law only to be amended by Congress—as to secure an authoritative understanding as to the way in which the administration intended to interpret certain words and phrases in the amendment, and also to see what arrangements they could secure the promise of in the way of commercial benefits. For example, they regarded the clause giving to the United States the right to intervene as a limitation of their independence, and possibly giving to the United States the power to step in and overthrow any government that might be established on the ground that such government did not provide adequate protection to life, property and individual liberty.

Secretary Root has, it is claimed, assured the representatives of the Cuban convention that this country can be trusted not to interfere unless a state of absolute anarchy prevails in Cuba and in such an extremity the Cubans would doubtless welcome our intervention as they did when Spain was crushing them out of existence.

The question of the commercial relations between Cuba and the United States and of tariff concessions that may be made, received a great deal of consideration, the Cubans being given to understand that these are matters with which the Executive cannot deal, but were encouraged to hope, however, that Congress will grant them liberal and substantial concessions. The reciprocity treaty of some years ago worked so well that, according to a Washington authority, the chances are that Congress will be willing to renew the old reciprocal relations. It is not altogether impossible, says the same authority, that the Cuban delegates, on their return home, may recommend that outright annexation to the United States be proposed, coupled with the condition that they will be admitted as a State, with all the privileges and rights of one. At all events, the Cuban Commission had an altogether successful and satisfactory conference with the Washington authorities and happy and agreeable results are looked for as a result of their report of their mission to the Cuban convention.

ITS EXACTNESS SUSTAINED.

An inquisitive reporter of Greater New York made a recent census of a mile of Fifth avenue, embracing the homes of many very rich men and found just 15 children under the age of 12. There was an average of one child to every three houses. Then the reporter transferred his attention to the East Side tenement district, where he found in one flat 63 children, or more than four times the number found in the whole Fifth avenue mile. All of which goes to establish the exactness of the old saying, "A rich man for luck and a poor man for babies."

WILL HISTORY REPEAT ITSELF NEXT YEAR?

The Waynesboro "Record" regards Congressman Thad M. Mahon, of the Eighteenth district, as a possible candidate for the Republican nomination for governor next year and in its last week's issue it extolled his virtues, exalted his qualifications and urged his nomination with most commendable zeal. It was a handsome tribute to a worthy public servant who would doubtless continue in the Executive chair the same high order of public service that has marked his official record in the halls of Congress.

It is somewhat premature to launch gubernatorial booms and equally precipitate to discuss them. The convention that will name the Republican standard-bearer for next year's campaign is by several months more than a year distant. The name of Congressman Mahon is but one of a number already suggested for public consideration in connection with the Republican nomination for governor. After all, however, the public will have precious little to do with the choice of the Republican candidate. The boom that bears the imprint of the machine's sanction and favor will be the boom that will launch its owner a winner in the Republican State convention and place his name at the head of the Republican ticket on the official ballot at the general election next year.

At the present time Attorney General Elkin is looked upon as the machine favorite for Governor Stone's successor. There may be within a year's time changes that will retire Mr. Elkin from the field but it must be admitted there is at this time no indication that such a desirable and, it may be said, hoped for event is likely to transpire. Elkin has been and is hard at work in erecting his political fences and he is receiving the full strength of the assistance of the administration with which he is identified, and the machine of which he is a prominent factor. It may be said that he is pushing his claims with the full approval and sanction of Quay and his managers and unless something unlooked-for happens between now and the convention of next year Elkin will be the Republican machine candidate for governor.

It is needless for the friends of Congressman Mahon or any other man to attempt to explode Elkin's boom by appeals to the people. Quay and his gang are sure to control the nominating convention and they will do as they have done before, nominate *their* choice, the party be d——d. Elkin is as fit for governor as he is for attorney general, but that makes no difference with Quay. An honest, upright, honorable man in the governor's chair would be of no service to the gang, hence such a man is not wanted by the machine, hence Elkin is regarded as Stone's logical legatee—by the machine.

The enormous Republican majority in the State does not by any means predict that the nomination of a machine candidate for governor is equivalent to his election. The Republicans of the State twice within recent years repudiated a dictatorial nomination of a gubernatorial candidate and assisted in the election of the Democratic nominee. On each of these occasions the Democratic candidate was an honest man, one who commanded the respect of all citizens and who merited their confidence and trust.

That element of the Republican party opposed to Quay and machine power, look to the Democratic party to nominate a candidate for governor to whom all citizens, regardless of political faith, who seek to overthrow an iniquitous political combination and restore to our Commonwealth an honest government by honest officials, can give their support. The Republican candidate, if not Elkin, will be one of his type. The machine is in authority and will manipulate the action of the convention as suits its purposes. No honest, conscientious, trustworthy man need apply for the honor. The choice of that type of a man rests with the Democracy. They must provide the candidate for the people to support. Will they do it? Time will determine that.

LEGISLATIVE HOODLUMS.

If the legislative committee that tarried in Bellefonte last Thursday night enroute to State College to inspect the State educational institution at that place is a sample of the committees turned out by the Legislature for the investigation and inspection of public institutions it would be more to the credit and good name of the General Assembly if more care was taken in the selection of such delegations who are to travel up and down the State on official missions. This is the judgment of the people of Bellefonte who are acquainted with the conduct of a majority of the forty or more representatives composing the legislative delegation that visited the State College last week. We advisedly say a majority for the reason that we know there were but a few *gentlemen* in the delegation who could not forget the dignity belonging to their official station and who had no part in the disgraceful carousal that occurred in the hotel in which the delegation spent the night in Bellefonte. It is unnecessary to enter into details upon the character of the night's debauch. It need only be said that there was no limit to the supply of liquid refreshments, the rest can be left to the imagination. And these men are our lawmakers! Is it any wonder that corruption finds willing co-operation with such as these. The people of Pennsylvania have but scant respect as a rule for the legislative branch of the State government, and judging the body by the gang that spent a night in Bellefonte last week they scarcely merit the slight public esteem they receive.

ANOTHER PUBLIC BENEFACTOR UNEARTHED.

One of the latest post-office frauds brought to light and now being investigated by the postal authorities at Washington is that of a doctor who advertised to cure deafness for $18,50 without fail. To those who sent the required amount the doctor forwarded 2,000 pills, with directions to take one each day, and on no account to miss a day or the charm would be broken, and it would be necessary to start all over again. As the truth of this claim cannot be put to the test until the end of about five and a half years, the authorities are puzzled what course to take. As this cure has every appearance of imposture it would seem that the proper course to pursue would be to put the pill-maker out of business. It is a very cleverly concocted scheme and judging by the success of countless similar fakes with the confiding public for years past it is dollars to doughnuts that the "cure" found a ready sale among ready takers.

REPUBLICAN POLICIES GAINING FAVOR IN THE SOUTH.

Representative Grosvenor of Ohio, one of the leading Republican members of Congress, in a recent interview said that the Republican policies are gaining strength in the south, and that with the elimination of the negro question the southern people will be more liberal in their policies, that as new issues arise the people of the south will meet them in an intelligent and practical way, looking to the best interests of their section. "Bourbonism, as we call it, is fast disappearing in the south," he said. "It may take some time, but intelligence will get the better of prejudice. It will be the glory of the McKinley administration to have wiped out the vestiges of old-time war prejudices, and the President's coming trip through the south will give indication of the good feeling that prevails there."

BRITISH farmers are kicking because their government buys its horses in the United States instead of at home. The reason, however, is plain. British farms cannot begin to supply the demand without absolutely denuding the country. Our friends across the pond must get a move on in this as in other particulars.

THE Legislature, it is said, will adjourn about June 1. It will be turned loose when Quay has reached the end of his legislative requirements and not before.

WHEN IN DOUBT CALL HIM A SCOTCHMAN.

The usual humorous incidents were not lacking in the recently taken British census. An immigrant in New Zealand stated to the census authorities that his mother was a Kaffir, his father an Irishman who had become a naturalized American, but afterward served in the French army, and that he was born on the passage between Yokohama and Colombo in a Spanish vessel. "Put him down a Scotchman!" was the official decision.

THE Philadelphia "Inquirer," in announcing the presence of Attorney General Elkin in the city, said that on all sides he was hailed as "our next Governor." When one stops to consider the class of citizens that a man of Elkin's stamp attracts it is not difficult to conclude that he spent the time in Philadelphia in the haunts of the machine gang and their followers. That Elkin be governor is a wish that lies close to the heart of the political spoilsman. He is the candidate of that element. The citizen who wants to improve upon the present incumbent of the highest office in the gift of the electors of Pennsylvania will not look in Elkin's direction. The champion of honest government, purity in politics and rectitude in public officials is only to be found outside the fold of the machine organization.

AGAIN reports are current to the effect that much alarm is felt concerning the health of Senator Quay. He is said to be indisposed at his Washington home and fears are entertained that he is slowly but surely approaching a general break down. His physical strength has been severely taxed almost continuously since 1899 and the mental strain under which he has been compelled to direct and manage his political interests since that time has had much to do with his present impaired condition. The Old Man has had a pretty merry dance during his public career and the fact that he has been able to "stand off" the fiddler so long has been a marvel to those who are familiar with his life history.

THE Republican County convention of Chester county in resolutions passed refers to Quay as "the greatest product of American statesmanship," and points to the administration of Governor Stone as "one that will shine with lustre in comparison with others that have gone before." In indorsing such arrant "rot" the Republican convention of Chester county only emphasized its well known obedience to the decrees of its boss, Larry Eyre, and has made its delegates and their constituents ridiculous in the eyes of an intelligent public.

REPRESENTATIVE MCCLAIN, of Lancaster county, has introduced a bill in the House designating Lancaster instead of Harrisburg as the seat of the State government. We wonder if this is due to the rumor that Senator Quay contemplates the purchase of a home in that city. Perhaps it is merely a joke such as common-sensed people regard the Voorhees bill which provides for the removal of the State capital to Philadelphia.

DR. PARKHURST has been talking out in meeting about the status of the negro. He said among other plain words: "The southern white man dislikes the negro and owns up to it. The white man in the north dislikes the negro and lies about it."

THE President and his party are happily off on their 10,000-mile trip to the Pacific coast and return. They take with them the best wishes of the people for an enjoyable holiday and a safe journey.

THE much-talked-of commercial war of Europe against the United States is almost inevitable sooner or later if we go on invading their markets and taking away their trade. Self-preservation will compel it.

So many negroes are so busy speculating on the future of their race that they haven't time to improve their present opportunities.

WASHINGTON LETTER.

From our Regular Correspondent.

Washington, April 29th, 1901.

President McKinley left Washington today on the longest trip ever taken by a President of the U. S. The total distance to be traveled by June 15th, when the presidential special is due to return to Washington, is 10,581 miles. President Harrison nearly made as long a trip in 1891, when he left Washington April 14, and returned May 15, after having traveled 9,228 miles. President McKinley, like President Harrison, opposing traveling on Sunday, except in cases of absolute necessity, the special train will be sidetracked every Sunday during the trip, the schedule giving the following in the order named as the Sunday stopping places: San Antonio, Texas; Del Monte and San Francisco, Cal.; Spokane, Wash.; Salt Lake City, Utah, and Chicago. Four members of the Cabinet, secretaries Hay, Hitchcock and Wilson and Postmaster General Smith, left Washington with the President, and secretary Long, who has gone to visit his daughters in Colorado, will join him before San Francisco is reached. One car of the special train is fitted out as the President's office and the presence of secretary Cortelyou and several of the White House corps of stenographers, will make it as easy for the President to transact executive business on the train, as he could in Washington. But unless something unexpected turns up, he don't expect to give much time to business. There is no need for him to do so, as there is little liklihood of anything having to be disposed of before his return that cannot be handled by the three members of the Cabinet—secretaries Root and Gage and Attorney General Knox, left in Washington. In fact, the business of the government is just now largely routine, both domestic and outside.

L. C. Willis, Mayor of Shelbyville, Ky., and a good republican, who is now in Washington, thinks the democrats of the state are recovering from their long attack of partisan delirium. He said: "I think that daylight is coming for political difficulties in Kentucky, and it will be a source of much gratification to all of our people. The acquittal of Capt. Ripley, by the jury at Frankfort, the hot bed of agitation over the killing of Goebel, is a sign that the court and jury are determined to give the accused man a fair trial. That is all that anybody on either side can ask. This action probably forecasts the acquittal of most of the other suspects who are yet to be tried. There is one noticeable difference between the recent trial and those which were held last year. The Ripley jury were 'drawn out of the wheel,' as provided in the Kentucky law, but last year Judge Cantrill, when the panel was exhausted, directed the sheriff to make up the jury. It is pretty well understood what kind of a jury a sheriff will get in such cases.

Attorney General Knox will endeavor to obtain $750,000 located in several banks as belonging to Capt. O. M. Carter, who is now in prison for defrauding the government in connection with the improvement of the harbor of Savannah, Ga., of which he was in charge.

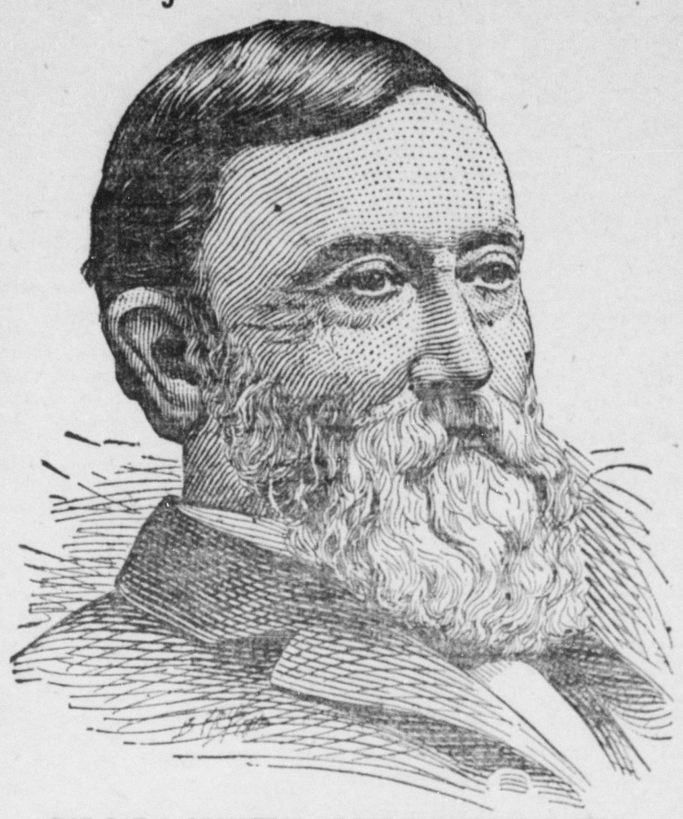
The visit of the Cuban committee to Washington has not only been pleasant to all concerned, but it has been productive of much good. The doubts which the Cubans said they and their fellow members of the Constitutional convention had as to the construction of that clause of the Platt amendment in which the right was reserved by this government, to intervene whenever in its judgment it might become necessary to preserve order in Cuba was all cleared away by the explanations made by president McKinley and Secretary Root, and they now see the establishing of naval coaling stations in Cuba by the U. S. in a much more favorable light than they did when the matter was discussed in the convention. Those two clauses of the Platt amendment are the only ones that were seriously opposed by the convention. Members of the Committee have said privately that they would recommend to the convention when they return, which will be at once, that the Platt amendment be accepted, and have expressed the opinion that the recommendation will be favorably acted upon. The Cubans did a great deal of talking about the general desire of the people of the island to obtain reductions in our tariff on sugar and tobacco, even after they were made to fully understand that the tariff was a question that Congress only could deal with. President McKinley, however, told them that after the Cuban government had been organized, he would be pleased to appoint commissioners to negotiate with its representatives, a commercial reciprocity treaty.

REPRESENTATIVE TOM COOPER, of Delaware county, is persistent in his undertaking to put Senator Cameron in the field for the Republican nomination for Governor. Following up an all-night confab with the Sage of Donegal, occurring a few nights ago, the Delaware county peace-maker makes the declaration that Senator Cameron can be persuaded to enter the gubernatorial sweepstakes.

THREE members of the Cabinet ought to be able to hold down the National capital until the President's return.

DAN GROSVENOR SAYS:

"Peruna is an Excellent Spring Catarrh Remedy---I am as Well as Ever."



HON. DAN. A. GROSVENOR, OF THE FAMOUS OHIO FAMILY.

Hon. Dan. A. Grosvenor, Deputy Auditor for the War Department, in a letter written from Washington, D.C., says:

"Allow me to express my gratitude to you for the benefit derived from one bottle of Peruna. One week has brought wonderful changes and I am now as well as ever. Besides being one of the very best spring tonics it is an excellent catarrh remedy." Very respectfully, *Dan. A. Grosvenor.*

Hon. John Williams, County Commissioner of 517 West Second street, Duluth, Minn., says the following in regard to Peruna: "As a remedy for catarrh I can cheerfully recommend Peruna. I know what it is to suffer from that terrible disease and I feel that it is my duty to speak a good word for the tonic that brought me immediate relief. Peruna cured me of a bad case of catarrh and I know it will cure any other sufferer from that disease."

Miss Mattie L. Guild, President Illinois Young People's Christian Temperance Union, in a recent letter from Chicago, Ill., says:

"I doubt if Peruna has a rival in all the remedies recommended to-day for catarrh of the system. A remedy that will cure catarh of the stomach will cure the same condition of the mucous membrane anywhere. I have found it the best remedy I have ever tried for catarrh, and believing it worthy my endorsement I gladly accord it."

Mrs. Elmer Fleming, orator of Reservoir Council No. 168, Northwestern Legion of Honor, of Minneapolis, Minn., writes from 2535 Polk street, N. E.:

"I have been troubled all my life with catarrh in my head. I took Peruna for about three months, and now think I am permanently cured. I believe that for catarrh in all its forms Peruna is the medicine of the age. It cures when all other remedies fail. I can heartily recommend Peruna as a catarrh remedy"

Mrs. Elmer Fleming, Minneapolis, Minn.

The spring is the time to treat catarrh. Cold, wet winter weather often retards a cure of catarrh. If a course of Puruna is taken during the early spring months the cure will be prompt and permanent. There can be no failures if Peruna is taken intelligently during the favorable weather of spring.

As a systemic catarrh remedy Peruna eradicates catarrh from the system wherever it may be located. It cures catarrh of the stomach or bowels with the same certainty as catarrh of the head.

For a free book containing valuable advice on the causes and treatment of catarrh, address The Peruna Medicine Co., Columbus, Ohio.

Real Estate Tranfers.

The following deeds have been recorded during the past week in the office of Recorder N. E. Robb.

Lydia C. Brungart et baron to Wm. E. Keen, April 18, 1901, 10 acres in Penn twp. Consideration $500.

Samuel Brown admr., to J. Warren Beaver, Nov. 30, 1900, lot in Haines twp. Consideration $595.

Thomas A. Shoemaker exr. to Geo. F. Miller et ux, April 1, 1901, 104 acres 13 perches in Ferguson twp. Con. $4,025.

Charles T. Harshberger et ux to George W. Flegal, April 8 1901, lot in Philipsburg. Consideration $425.

Jacob Gray to Mary Ann Furst, Dec. 5, 1881, 4 acres 2½ perches in Patton twp. Consideration $120.

Margery Ann Thompson et al to James W. Marshall, April 3, 1901, 83 acres, 29 perches in Benner twp. Consideration $280.

U. S. Shaffer exrs. to Jas. Markle, March 29, 1890, 13 acres 45 perches in Miles twp. Consideration $210.

Thos. Huston to L. W. Shuler, April 10, 1863, 4 acres 58 perches in Walker twp. Consideration $261.75.

Joseph Korman et ux to L. E. Stover, Aug. 5, 1899, 8 lots in Haines twp. Consideration $435.

John A. Stover et ux to Jos. Bitner, April 27, 1901, 52 acres 104 perches in Gregg twp. Consideration $200.

Lizzie E. Furst to Wm. G. Furst, April 26, 1901, 2 tracts in Potter twp. Consideration $350.

Israel Weaver to Susan Stump, March 29, 1901, house and two lots in Aaronsburg. Consideration $525.

T. G. W. Edmunds et ux to Susan A, Stump, March 23, 1901, 8 town lots in Aaronsburg. Consideration $1,400.

Horace Winkleman to Mittie O. Winkleman, May 3, 1898, 63 perches in Walker twp. Consideration $400.

Walter Agar to Meixal, Coleman & Co., Nov. 19, 1900, 4000 acres in Walker twp. Consideration $6,500.

W. A. Ishler, sheriff, to Sarah J. Krumrine, Aug. 26, 1893, tract of land in Potter twp. Consideration $4000.

Milton W. Bohn to Gamma Phi Chapter, Nov. 20, 1900, property at State College. Consideration $4,500.

Emanuel Sunday's exrs to Henry E. Sunday, Jan. 8, 1901, 3½ acres in Ferguson twp. Consideration $100.

Samuel McWilliams exrs to John P. Taylor, Jan. 27, 1900, 162 acres 72 perches in Ferguson twp. Con. $6,000.

John H. Strouse et ux to J. W. Grove, March 22, 1901, 60 acres 45 perches in Benner twp. Consideration $3162.50.

County Commissioners to Wm. C. Heinle, April 22, 1901, 2 tracts in Rush twp. Consideration $72.

Frances Harpster to Wm. Gates, Jan. 1, 1900, 126 perches in Ferguson twp. Consideration $250.

Catherine Armstrong to Prudence Haines, April 18, 1901, 4½ acres in Rush twp. Consideration $100.

Geo. Valentine et ux to J. M. Johnston, April 23, 1901, 52 acres 60 perches in Walker. Con. $523.

—A Philadelphia company is prospecting for zinc ore near Tyrone.

A VALUABLE HANDBOOK.

Edward P. Remington's Newspaper Directory for 1901.

This Directory is full of valuable information, arranged for ready reference, concisely compiled and handsomely and substantially bound and is issued by Edward P. Remington's Newspaper Advertising Agency, Pittsburg, Pa.

The Directory contains full and complete lists of all Newspapers and other Periodicals published in the United States and Canada, with their days of issue, politics and circulation, and Specially Classified Lists of the Principal Dailies and Weeklies, and the best Agricultural, Religious, Scientific and Trade Publications and leading Magazines. All the Lists are Catalogued by towns in alphabetical order, thus enabling the reader to turn readily to any source of information he seeks and finds just what he wants in the most compact and available form. In the General List the population is given of each state, town, and of the county in which it is located.

All the population figures have been specially revised under the New Census just issued.

Containing as it does every particular necessary for the general description of each Newspaper and Periodical, it must be of special value to the general advertiser, as a reference work and in the compilation of his lists.

The Directory is issued from the office of Edward P. Remington, Newspaper Advertising, Pittsburg, Pa.

POSITIVE PROOF.

Should Convince the Greatest Skeptic in Bellefonte.

Because it's evidence in Bellefonte.

It's from a citizen, perhaps a neighbor.

Investigation will confirm it.

Mr. James Rine, West High street, employed in the planing mill, says: "I can speak as highly now of Doan's Kidney Pills, as I did years ago and my case is pretty good evidence that the cures made by them are not temporary. I have not had any of the severe pains in my back since I used Doan's Kidney Pills while before I could not put on my shoes and could hardly drag myself around. Though I have had slight touches of backache it never amounted to much. I have recommended Doan's Kidney Pills to hundreds of people and I know of those who have had the greatest relief from suffering by using them I can say they are reliable and permanent in their effects."

For sale by all dealers. Price 50 cents. Foster-Milburn Co., Buffalo, N. Y., sole agents for the U. S.

Remember the name—Doan's—and take no substitute.

—The encampments of the Pennsylvania National guards will be held as follows: First brigade, from July 20 to 27; Second brigade, from August 17 to 24; Third brigade, from July 20 to 27. The place of encampment for each brigade will be designated by the brigade commander.

—The annual reunion of the 5th Penn'a Reserve will be held in Watsontown next month.

MILLHEIM NEWS.

The public sale at the residence of the late John Schleiffer on North street was well attended.

C. W. Kilbern, Wilkesbarre, W. Harrt, Williamsport, I. T. Hess, of Pittsburg and H. E. Berry, of Mifflinburg, had business here and registered at the National.

John Carson, of Pleasant Gap, a former resident of this borough is paying a visit to his son-in-law Ellery Brown.

J. T. McCormick, of State College, manager of the Commercial Telephone Co., was in town a few days ago looking after the interests of the company. He put in 5 new phones and more to follow soon.

Wm. Boozer, of Centre Hall, in the employ of the Com. Telephone Co., was in town putting in new phones last week.

Ira Walker, of Illinois, passed through town on his to Brush Valley to visit relatives. He is a native of that valley.

The knitting factory was closed down last week, but we understand only for a short time.

The farmers are about done sowing oats. Next will be planting potatoes and corn if the weather is favorable.

Randall Musser, student at State College, spent Sunday with his parents here.

Insurance agent T. B. Jamison, of Spring Mills, transacted business here last Saturday.

"Be sure you are right then go ahead," would have been a good motto to have heeded, when a young man of our town was arrested for attempting to pass a forged check on the Centre Hall bank. This young man was innocent and was in Millheim the day that the check was presented, and the arrest was entirely unwarranted.

Next Monday, May 6th, Walter and Shively will sell a car load of fine horses, which are especially adapted for this section. This is their fourth sale and their horses have given the best of satisfaction. Come and see them.

A. J. Gottshall, of Philadelphia, was a visitor to our town on business. Mr. Gottshall is a prominent lumber dealer in that city.

Jerome Spigelmyer moved into his new store room on Penn street Monday, and the post office was also moved into the same building. It is a neat and commodious room.

Geo. Sechrist spent a day or two visiting his parents at Lock Haven.

E. W. Allen agent for the Dayton & Co., shoes of Williamsport was in town on Tuesday and Wednesday.

Wildun Scott, of Milton, interviewed the merchants here this week.

C. W. Burd, of Bellefonte, tarried in town a day or two on business.

—The amount of money given for philanthropic purposes in this country last year was $47,500,000, or $15,250,000 less than the year previous.

—The Niagara Falls Power Company now generates 50,000 horse power of electricity and is doubling its capacity.

POWER OF IMAGINATION.

A Druggist's Story of How It Worked In One Case.

"The power of imagination," said a New York druggist, "is past comprehension. Not long since a domestic in the employ of a prominent family came into the store in great haste with a prescription which called for two grains of morphine in two ounces of aqua pura—that is, distilled water—the accompanying direction reading, 'A teaspoonful every hour until the pain is allayed.' The patient for whom it was intended was the head of the family, who was suffering from a severe attack of nervous neuralgia.

"Now, it so happened that the family physician who had written the prescription was behind the counter when the messenger arrived, having dropped in, as was his wont, on the way to his office. While I was putting up the prescription we chatted and laughed and joked and passed the time of day as only professional men are capable of doing. I filled the bottle, corked it carefully and labeled it properly, and when the retreating form of the domestic had disappeared out of the store door returned to my companionable physician visitor. As I did so I saw to my amazement the two grains of morphine reposing upon the prescription scales.

"'Doctor,' I ejaculated, 'I've given that girl nothing but distilled water. The morphine is here; look at it. What shall I do?'

"'Do?' he replied, with admirable sang froid. 'Do? Why, nothing at all. I'll wager you that the aqua pura will work as well without the opiate as with it.'

"'Agreed,' said I. And do you know," concluded the pharmacist, "the doctor was right, and the patient with the nervous neuralgia—an exceptionally intelligent and college bred man—was sleeping as peacefully as a babe after the second dose of the 'mixture.' Faith is everything where medicine is concerned."—Exchange.

STALKED BY VULTURES.

While a Man Was Trailing a Buck the Birds Followed the Man.

I met with a curious and not altogether pleasant experience, writes an Anglo-Indian correspondent who has done a good deal of large and small game shooting in India, when I was one day stalking a black buck. Between me and my quarry lay a large flat field of black cotton soil bordered by a very low, straggling and thinly growing hedge of small babul trees. My only way to get a shot was to cross this, keeping the bushiest tree between me and the buck, who had not much to browse on and was therefore seldom motionless. I proceeded to do the hundred yards on the flat of my stomach. This on loose, hard baked black cotton soil was no joke. I pushed my rifle on ahead; then, wriggling past it until the muzzle was near my knee, I would pass it on in front again, and so on.

Progress was slow, and I was so absorbed that I failed to observe shadows crossing and recrossing my path and circling round until I had gone some 50 yards. Then the whirring of wings attracted my ears, and almost at the same moment a vulture landed on the ground not 20 yards away. I looked up. The air was alive with these repulsive looking birds. Then it flashed across me that I was being stalked! Doubtless these birds were attracted by my extraordinary method of procedure and mistook me for a wounded or dying man making a final effort to reach some shady spot. This was especially possible, as the experience occurred in a famine district where deaths by the wayside were not infrequent. By looking up I had evidently shown myself to the buck, for he was now off at full tilt. I therefore took pot shot at the vulture at 20 yards, but did not allow for the sighting sufficiently and missed him. The thought of being waited for by a flock of vultures while very much alive and well was, to say the least, uncanny.—Pall Mall Gazette.

Burden Bearers of the East.

In the east the camel today, as in the days of Solomon, is the principal beast of burden in peace and in war. Across the pitiless desert he strides, his great pack nodding as he swings along. Down the old, old trail that winds through the hills of Lebanon, blinking, they come in pairs, bringing cedars to the sea. But the most remarkable of all freighters is the eastern hamal, the human burden bearer. All or nearly all the freight of Constantinople is handled by the hamal. He wears on his back a regular pack saddle, thin at the top, where it rests on his shoulders, and thick at the bottom, where it ends at his hips. A broad band circles his forehead, and when he leans forward the saddle presents a flat, level surface.—Munsey's Magazine.

Lover—You are getting prettier every day.

Sweet Girl—Just now I am living on brown bread and water to improve my complexion.

"How long can you keep that up?"

"Oh, indefinitely."

"Then let's get married."—Exchange.

Comparing Notes.

Mrs. Slowboy—My husband's so lazy that if it wasn't for me I don't believe he would get up in time to go to bed.

Mrs. Rounder—My husband's different. He scarcely goes to bed in time to get up.—Chicago News.

Bombay is an immense city, with land and sea shipping equal to the best. It has large commerce and trade and manufacturing interests. Its buildings are said to be the finest in India.

When Lot's wife was turned to salt, he probably started to look for a fresh one.—Kansas City Star.

ENGLAND'S FIRST SHIP.

Great Harry Was the Country's Premier Fighting Machine.

Of the first ship, properly speaking, of the British navy, known as the Great Harry, the following particulars are given in an old number of the Mechanic's Magazine, dated Oct. 25, 1823:

The Great Harry was built by King Henry VII at a cost of £14,000, and was burned at Woolwich, through accident, in 1553.

Though King Henry, as well as other princes, hired many ships, exclusive of those which the different seaports were obliged to furnish, he seems thus to have been the first king who thought of avoiding this inconvenience by raising such a force as might be at all times sufficient for the service of the state. Historians tell us that he caused his navy, which had been neglected in the preceding reign, to be put in a condition to protect the British coasts against all foreign invasions, and that in the midst of profound peace he always kept up a fleet ready to act.

In August, 1512, the Regent, a ship of 1,000 tons, which was at that time the largest vessel in the British navy, was burned, and to replace it the Great Harry, or, as it was also known, the Henry Grace de Dieu, was built in 1515.

The vessel, of about 1,000 tons burden, was manned by 349 soldiers, 301 marines and 50 gunners. She had four masts and portholes on both decks and in other parts.

Before the time of her construction the cannon were placed above deck and on the prow and poop. One Decharges, a French builder at Brest, is said to have invented portholes.

In a list of the British navy, as it stood on Jan. 5, 1548, the Great Harry is said to have carried 19 brass and 103 iron pieces of ordnance.

The name of the ship is supposed to have been changed in the reign of Edward VI to Edward, which, on Aug. 26, 1552, was reported to be still "in good case to serve," and was ordered "to be grounded and calked once a year to keep it tight."—Cassier's Magazine.

BILLIARD CUES.

"Most billiard cues," said a New York manufacturer the other day, "are made in two pieces—the cue proper and the handle. The cue is made generally of maple, and the butt, which is wedge shaped, is inserted into a handle of rosewood, snakewood, ebony, mahogany, walnut or some other fancy dark wood, which is cut to dovetail with the long part.

"The maple wood used in making the handles is sawed into suitable lengths and seasoned. The logs are then split into pieces from which the handles are made. These pieces are called bolts. The bolts are sawed approximately to the shape of the handle to be finally made, and in this shape they are handle blocks. The handle block is turned to the shape of the handle in a lathe, and when the butt has been fitted it is finished and polished.

"The finest and best cues are fitted to the handle or butt by means of a double wedge. At the top of the cue is a ferrule of ivory, of horn or bone, in which the leather tip is fitted. While the ivory ferrule is the most expensive, of course it is less durable than the horn or bone ferrules, which are less liable to crack. The extra workmanship on cues is put in on the butts, some of which are elaborately inlaid and carved in beautiful patterns.

"There are a number of billiard players who will not permit another person to use their cues, and for the use of these particular players cues are turned out from which the tips may be unscrewed, leaving the cue with unfinished points and useless.

"American billiard cues are the lightest, strongest and neatest made anywhere in the world. They are made in all weights and lengths and rank in price from 30 cents to $25 and more each, according to the quality and finish of the article.—Washington Star.

The Lesson He Wanted.

In his autobiography, "Up From Slavery," Booker T. Washington tells an amusing anecdote of an old colored man who during the days of slavery wanted to learn how to play on the guitar. In his desire to take guitar lessons he applied to one of his young masters to teach him. But the young man, not having much faith in the ability of the slave to master the guitar at his age, sought to discourage him by telling him: "Uncle Jake, I will give you guitar lessons. But, Jake, I will have to charge you $3 for the first lesson, $2 for the second lesson and $1 for the third lesson. But I will charge you only 25 cents for the last lesson."

Uncle Jake answered: "All right, boss, I hires you on dem terms. But, boss, I wants yer to be sure an give me dat las' lesson first."

A Startler.

A gentleman whose hearing is defective is the owner of a dog that is the terror of the neighborhood in which he lives.

The other day he was accosted by a friend, who said:

"Good morning, Mr. H. Your wife made a very pleasant call on us last evening."

"I'm very sorry," came the startling reply. "I'll see that it don't occur again, for I'm going to chain her up in future."—London Telegraph.

Why She Wore It.

He (to the young widow)—Why do you wear such a heavy veil? I thought that you had an objection to ostentatious mourning.

She—Oh, it is only to hide my smiles.—New York Sun.

A Bright Young Man's Death.

Parker Wilson, of Burnside, died at his home in that place Monday evening at 5 o'clock.

Deceased was the son of Mr. and Mrs. John Wilson. He was born at Jacksonville, this county, and had just completed his 22nd year last Saturday. His death was due to quick consumption, the result of a cold contracted about the holidays while attending the West Chester Normal school, where he had spent two terms. He was a bright, genial, handsome young man, with a promising future, and his death will be a sad blow to the members of his family and his many friends. Besides his parents, he leaves one brother, Cloyd, and one sister, Mrs. Jason Kirk, both of whom live at Burnside.

Cannibals on the Island of New Britian, wherever that is, ate a German millionaire, who made the mistake of landing from his yacht. Emperor William has sent a German cruiser to avenge the murder. An exchange innocently asks: "Will the German sailors eat the Cannibals?"

It may surprise many to know that the Argentine Republic has 16,000 miles of railway in operation and that its sleeping car service, as good as ours, so travellers declare, costs only 90 cents a passenger for a day of 24 hours.

—At the communion service in one of the Presbyterian churches in Washington on a recent Sunday, the bread and wine were passed by two Admirals, a General, two Supreme Court Justices and a former Secretary of State.

—The new works of the Pennsylvania Fire Brick company, at Beech Creek, are now running in full blast, the first brick having been made Wednesday. About fifty men and boys are at present employed.

—The first Christian Scientist church was organized in 1887 and the second four years later. Today in New York City there are eight incorporated churches. In the United States there are 600.

—George Beck, employed at the Coleman saw-mill, near Summerville, Clearfield county, was caught in the machinery while oiling a shafting and squeezed to death.

Auditor's Notice.

In the Orphan's Court for the county of Centre.

In the matter of the estate of Matthew F. Riddle, late of Spring township, deceased.

The undersigned, an Auditor, appointed by the Orphans Court of Centre County, to make distribution of the balance in the hands of Annie S. Riddle, Administratrix of &c. of Matthew F. Riddle Dec'd. to and among those legally entitled thereto will meet the parties interested for the purposes of his appointment on Friday, May 24th 1901, at 10 o'clock a. m. at his office No. 11 East High street, Bellefonte Pa., when and where all parties interested are required to make and prove their claims or be debarred from coming in upon said fund.

S. KLINE WOODRING
Auditor.

REAL ESTATE,

Loan And Title Co.

Of Centre County.

JOHN C. MILLER, President,
EDMUND BLANCHARD, Secretary.
J. THOMAS MITCHELL, Treasurer

Real Estate and Conveyancing.

Valuable Town and Country property for sale or rent.
Properties cared for and rents collected.
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Certified Abstracts of Titles furnished upon application.
If you have a Farm or Town Property for sale or rent place it in our hands.
If you wish to buy or rent a farm or house consult us.
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Is your title clear? It is to your interest to know. It is our's to assure you.

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Household Equipment

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Central Penna. Telephone & Supply Company,

IT MADE HIM A HERO.

AN ACT THAT BROUGHT A LAWYER FAME AND FORTUNE.

It Looked Like an Exhibition of Pure Nerve and Daring, but In Reality It Was Simply an Outcome of His Nearsightedness.

"A person who enjoys good eyesight," said a man who most decidedly does not, "would be greatly astonished to know how little is seen by those who are nearsighted even in a moderate degree. The average shortsighted man, of whom there are hundreds in every large city, sees nothing distinctly more than a foot away from his nose. Beyond that distance the outline of objects becomes hazy and indistinct, growing rapidly more and more so until everything is finally merged into one general blur. The faces of people across the street are mere pink blotches, their figures are destitute of detail, signs are indecipherable 30 feet away, and the whole movement of traffic and passing show of the thoroughfare is a misty panorama, in which nothing much smaller than a cab can be definitely distinguished.

"Of course a nearsighted person can see as well as anybody through properly fitted glasses, but a great many folks regard them as such a disfigurement that they prefer to do without their aid. That kind of pride is certainly very foolish because it causes one to miss at least nine-tenths of what is going on, to say nothing of being an open invitation to accident. Yet, oddly enough, I know of a case in which it actually saved a man's life and laid the foundation of a fortune.

"The hero of the episode was a lawyer in a city in Ohio where I spent my boyhood. He was beyond middle age at the time, but was straight as an arrow and a decidedly handsome, soldierly looking personage. These good looks of his were his weak point, and although he was extremely nearsighted he was vain enough to deny himself glasses and kept the fact of his infirmity a secret. The consequence of this folly was a wide reputation for haughtiness, as he rarely recognized anybody on the street, and it undoubtedly damaged him in his practice. At any rate, he had never made anything more than a very modest living when the curious incident I have in mind occurred.

"The city government had been for a long time under ring rule," continued the story teller, "and it finally became so bad that the decent people revolted and organized a reform movement. The good looking lawyer—call him Colonel Jones for convenience—was one of the reformers, and, among other things, he made himself active in securing indictments against a number of gambling house keepers.

"The boss ringster of the place was a typical bully and ward politician named Harding, who was financially interested in several of the games and naturally furious at any interference. He was a giant physically, he would fight at the drop of a hat, and the personal fear he inspired was really the secret of his influence. After the gambling indictments were found he proceeded to use his 'pull' to have them pigeonholed, and, learning what was going on, Colonel Jones was rash enough to write a newspaper card in which he scored the authorities for allowing such a ruffian to defeat the ends of justice.

"The colonel looked like a soldier, but he was really a very bland and peaceable gentleman, and he never dreamed that his little effusion would get him into personal difficulty. On the morning the card appeared he was walking calmly to his office when Harding rushed out of a bar across the street, called him by name and at the same time leveled a six shooter at his head. At that distance all coons looked alike to the nearsighted lawyer, and, turning in the direction of the voice, he made out the vague figure of a man with outstretched arm apparently beckoning him to come over.

"A little surprised, but still perfectly placid, he started to cross the street. Harding glared at him in amazement and once or twice was on the point of pulling the trigger, but the spectacle of that serene and dignified figure calmly advancing straight on the muzzle of the gun was too much for his nerves, and before the colonel traversed half the distance he dropped the weapon and ignominiously fled.

"Needless to say, the episode made a tremendous sensation, and Jones, who had sense enough to hold his tongue, was the popular hero of the hour. Harding, on the contrary, was ruined, for his prestige had disappeared like a flash of lightning, and, unable to stand the disgrace of the affair, he quietly sold out his belongings and left the city. That broke the back of the ring, the reformers went into control, and the colonel was elected mayor by a tremendous majority. He served two terms, built up one of the biggest law practices in that part of the state and died worth nearly a quarter of a million dollars.

"In explanation of my inside knowledge of the case I don't mind saying that he was a distant relative of mine, and in the family circle, where his nearsightedness was well known, he owned up to the facts as a good joke. He said he had a vague idea when he started across the street that Harding was a farmer client who had promised to pay him a fee that morning."—New Orleans Times-Democrat.

Not Troubled.

Irate Tenant—I asked you when I rented this place if you had ever been troubled by chicken thieves, and you said no. Every one of my chickens was stolen last night, and I am told that the neighborhood has been infested with chicken thieves for years.

Suburban Agent—I never keep chickens.

LULLABY.

We've wandered all about the upland fallows,
We've watched the rabbits at their play,
But now good night, goodby to soaring swallows,
Now good night, goodby, dear day.

Poppy heads are closing fast, pigeons circle home
at last;
Sleep, liebchen, sleep, the bats are calling;
Pansies never miss the light, but sweet babes
must sleep at night;
Sleep, liebchen, sleep, the dew is falling.

Even wind among the quiet willows
Rests, and the sea is silent too.
See soft white linen, cool, such cool white pillows
Wait in the darkling room for you.

All the little chicks are still; now the moon peeps
down the hill;
Sleep, liebchen, sleep, the owls are hooting.
Ships have hung their lanthorns out; little mice
dare creep about;
Sleep, liebchen, sleep, the stars are shooting.
—Ford M. Hueffer in Littell's Living Age.

THE OCEAN SCORCHER.

He Who Brags About How Many Times He Has "Crossed."

The ocean scorcher, the woman or man who was forever bragging about how many times he had "crossed," is, thank heaven, on the decrease. Fashion has at last set the seal of her disapproval on him, and he is rapidly becoming obsolete. The fashion is now never to mention the number of times one has been to Europe. "The last time I was over" is the way to refer to an over the water experience if you wish to be in the vogue. Of course you may, if you truthfully can, say "the time before last I was over" or "the tenth time I crossed" or "during my seventh trip through Europe," but a great majority, you will find, say "the last time I was over." It is safer—when one has been over but once.

Pin many of these travelers so fond of relating their European experiences down to the figures, and you will find that "the last time I was over" bears a close relation to the little boy who said he was next to the head of his class, to have it transpire later that the class consisted of himself and a little girl. "The last time I was over" may, like as not, have been the first. Still anything is better than the ocean scorcher and his bragging. To him it didn't matter where he hadn't been or what he hadn't seen or anything, but simply how many times he had crossed.

The one time on record that any one was known to get ahead of these scorchers was when a lot of them were sitting swapping lies on a certain steamship deck and a nonscorcher, having learned that the star scorcher's record was 188 runs, remarked, "There's a man on board who has crossed 566 times." Then, as the excitement caused by the news somewhat subsided: "He's never been anywhere except to the two ports Liverpool and New York. He's never seen anything, he's never done anything, but just cross the ocean 566 times—he's the ship's barber."—New York Sun.

He Hacked Off His Leg.

Caught in a bear trap on the banks of the Athabasca, near Milford, Me., John McLeod, a lumber scaler, was obliged to take out his jackknife and cut off his leg. The trap was too heavy to move and was sprung in such a way that he could not reach over and release it. He was far from any human being, and the only way out of it seemed to be to cut off the leg.

That was done easily, because the leg upon which he operated was of wood. But when he stumped back to camp it made him mad to hear the jeers of the French-Canadian cook of the lumber crew.

"Why you no take off you whole wood laig, ah? You get out um thrap and no spile you wood laig 'tall, ah?"

Such a way out of his difficulty had not occurred to McLeod before.

Skill In Throwing Off Mail Bags.

The busiest clerk in any crew or car is the one who is detailed to receive and throw off the sacks and pouches. To lift a heavy mail sack and throw it from a car moving at the rate of a mile a minute is a matter of good target shooting. "Looks easy enough," commented one of the veteran clerks at the letter case, "and it does seem as if a man should be able to hit a station platform without much difficulty, but you see that station is passed and gone in about one second. Then, the suction of a train running at this speed is something terrific, and until the knack of throwing a pouch is learned a man is liable to feed the wheels with a few letters."—Saturday Evening Post.

Origin of the Word Sterling.

The origin of the word "sterling" is very curious. Among the early minters of coin in northern Europe were the dwellers of eastern Germany. They were so skillful in their calling that numbers of them were invited to England to manufacture the metal money of the kingdom. The strangers were known as "easterlings." After a time the word became "sterling," and in this abbreviated form it has come to imply what is genuine in money, plate or character.

Quits.

He—You women have such a ridiculous habit of screaming "Oh!" on every occasion.

She—And you men have such a ridiculous habit of saying "I" on every occasion.—Indianapolis Press.

Other Allurements.

Mr. Goodman—Why don't you take the pledge, my good fellow?

Jaggsby—Because there are too many other things to take.—Denver Times.

The worst mosquito infested neighborhood in the world is the coast of Borneo. The streams of that region are at certain seasons unnavigable because of the clouds of mosquitoes.

The horseshoe in China as well as in other countries is looked upon as a harbinger of good luck. For that reason Chinese mandarins when buried have horseshoe graves.

FEATHERED FREAKS.

BIRDS WITHOUT WINGS AND BIRDS WITHOUT SONG.

The Penguin Is a Bird That Walks and Swims, but Does Not Fly—A Bird That Can Run Faster Than the Swiftest Horse—The Tailor Bird.

Birds without wings are found in New Zealand and Australia. Kiwi is the name of one species. Beautiful mats are made of the feathers of the white variety, but it takes ten years and more to collect enough feathers to make even a small mat which would sell for about $150.

Birds without song belong to Hawaii. In Honolulu one sees a bird about the size of the robin, an independent sort of fellow, that walks about like a chicken, instead of hopping like a well trained bird of the United States, and it has no song.

A bird that walks and swims, but does not fly, is the penguin. No nests are made by penguins, but the one egg laid at a time by the mother is carried about under her absurd little wing or under her leg.

The largest of flight birds is the California vulture or condor, measuring from tip to tip 9½ to 10 feet and exceeding considerably in size the true condor of South America. The bird lays but one egg each season—large, oval, ashy green in color and deeply pitted, so distinctive in appearance that it cannot be confounded with any other.

The California condor is rapidly approaching extinction and museums all over the world are eager to secure living specimens. It is believed that there is only one in captivity.

Another large bird is the rhinoceros bird, which is about the size of a turkey. One recently shot on the island of Java had in its crop a rim from a small telescope and three brass buttons, evidently belonging to a British soldier's uniform.

A bird which is swifter than a horse is the road runner of the southwest. Its aliases are the ground cuckoo, the lizard bird and the snake killer, snakes being a favorite diet. In northern Mexico, western Texas and southern Colorado and California it is found. The bird measures about two feet from tip to tip and is a dull brown in color. Its two legs are only about ten inches long, but neither horses with their four legs nor hounds nor electric pacing machines are in it for swiftness when it comes to running.

Most curious are the sewing or tailor birds of India—little yellow things not much larger than one's thum. To escape falling a prey to snakes and monkeys the tailor bird picks up a dead leaf and flies up into a high tree, and with a fiber for a thread and its bill for a needle sews the leaf on to a green one hanging from the tree. The sides are sewed up, an opening being left at the top. That a nest is swinging in the tree no snake or monkey or even man would suspect.

Many a regiment cannot compare in perfection of movement with the flight of the curlews of Florida winging their way to their feeding grounds miles away, all in uniform lines in unbroken perfection. The curlews are dainty and charming birds to see, some pink, some white.

Birds in flight often lose their bearings, being blown aside from their course by the wind. In this case they are as badly off as a mariner without a compass in a strange sea on a starless night.

All very young birds, by a wise provision of nature, are entirely without fear until they are able to fly. The reason of the delayed development of fear is that, being unable to fly, the birds would struggle and fall from their nests at every noise and be killed. Suddenly, almost in a day, the birds develop the sense of fear, when their feathers are enough grown so that they can fly.

It is always a source of wonder to arctic explorers to find such quantities of singing birds within the arctic circle. They are abundant beyond belief. But the immense crop of cranberries, crowberries and cloudberries that ripen in the northern swamps accounts for the presence of the birds.

A stick of wood seven inches long and a quarter of an inch in diameter was once taken from a wren's nest. It is very singular that so small and delicate a bird should use such rough material with which to construct its nest. If an eagle should use material proportioned to its size, its nest would be made up of fence rails and small saw logs.

The extraordinary situations in which nests are found occasionally almost give one the impression that birds must be endowed with a sense of humor. For instance, a wren built its nest upon a scarecrow, a dead sparrowhawk, which a farmer had hung up to frighten away winged ravagers of his crop. In the pocket of an old jacket hanging in a barn a bird, also a wren, made its nest, which when discovered contained five eggs. It was a robin that raised a young family in a church pew and a robin that built its nest in the organ pipes of a church. Places of worship have always been favorite building places for birds.

Consideration.

"My wife is very considerate," said the newly married man. "She is always buying me neckties and colored shirts."

"And I suppose you are considerate and generous in your turn."

"Yes. I wouldn't hurt her feelings for the world. I wear 'em."—Washington Star.

The manuscripts of the fifteenth and sixteenth centuries are in many cases almost illegible on account of the fading of the ink. At that time the lampblack inks passed out of use and chemical inks became popular.

SOME CURIOUS CHURCHES.

Congregations Which Meet In Inns, Windmills and Boats.

A public house is one of the last places one would expect to be used as a place of worship. The inhabitants of Twyford, a village near Winchester, would not consider this at all a novelty, because for several years past the Phœnix inn has been used Sunday for religious purposes. The room in which the religious services are held will comfortably hold about 200 people and opens at the back on to a pretty tea garden. The most remarkable feature of the services is that they are often conducted while the public house is open for business purposes, and the customers can join in the singing if they are so disposed.

There are two or three instances of public houses which have been converted into churches, and there are also two or three theaters which are now places of worship. The Fen district possesses a canalboat church. There are a large number of people who live some distance away from any church, and the canalboat church travels from place to place for the benefit of such folk. The boat will seat a congregation of about 100.

The old chapel of ease at Tunbridge Wells has a unique situation. It stands in two counties and three parishes. When the clergyman leaves the vestry, he comes out of the parish of Frant of Sussex. If he is going to officiate at the altar, he walks into the parish of Tunbridge, in Kent. If, on the other hand, he is going to preach the sermon, he walks from the parish of Frant to the parish of Speldhurst on his way to the pulpit.

The chapel at Milton Bryant is situated in the village pond. The reason for the selection of this strange site was because no landowner would would grant any other position.

The "windmill" church near Reigate is familiar to London cyclists. Not so familiar is the underground church at Brighton. Owing to some "ancient lights" difficulty, the authorities could not "build up," and as the site was a good one they decided to "build down."—London Mail.

USING HIS WITS.

Showing How People May Be Guided by Inference.

"You see," said the man with the bulging forehead and prominent nose, "if people would only be guided more by inference it would save lots of useless trouble."

"I don't understand you," said the man who had been tickling a pimple on his chin.

"Why, for instance, I passed a frozen pond one winter day. On the ice I saw a pair of skates, a boy's cap and a mitten. Out in the middle of the pond the ice was broken. Did I jump to the conclusion that a boy had been drowned and raise a great hullabaloo about it?"

"Of course you did, or else you ought to be prosecuted. You don't mean to say you passed on and said nothing?"

"I do," calmly replied the man of the forehead. "I inferred instead of jumping to a false conclusion."

"But you had to infer that the boy was under the ice," protested the other.

"Not a bit of it. If the boy had fallen in, the skates and cap and mittens would have gone with him. I simply inferred that he had seen a rabbit and given chase. I was right too. In the course of five minutes I met him on the road."

"Oh, you did! And maybe you inferred something else."

"Of course I did. As he had the nosebleed, I inferred that he had fallen over a log in the chase and got left, and he admitted that such was the case."

"Then you ought to have wound up the performance by inferring whether it was a male or female rabbit."

"It wasn't necessary, my captious friend. As I passed on I found the rabbit, dead from overexertion, and it was a male."—Washington Post.

Historical Divisions of Time.

For convenience time is, by historians, usually divided into three great eras—ancient, mediæval (or middle) and modern. The ancient period is considered to extend from the earliest times down to the fall of the Roman empire in the west in A. D. 476; the mediæval from that date to the discovery of America by Columbus in 1492 and the modern from that time to the present. Some historians prefer to put the end of the mediæval period at the capture of Constantinople by the Turks, about 40 years earlier than the Columbus event. The dark ages are often held to be coeval with the mediæval era, but some authorities think that the term should be applied only to the part of the era extending from the downfall of the empire of Charlemagne, in the ninth century, onward.

An Absurd Superstition.

A popular belief is that the sound produced by a little insect known as a "death watch" portends the death of some relative or friend. That the noise made by this little creature resembles the ticking of a watch is undisputed, but that it in anywise foretells the dissolution of a human being is absurd. Observation has established the fact that these little insects infest decaying timber and posts, and that the peculiar noise is caused by them in gnawing and boring through the rotten wood fibers in quest of food.

Then and Now.

In these days of cheap literature, when the masterpieces of English writers can be had for 6d., it is interesting to note that just 1,000 years ago the Countess of Anjou gave 200 sheep, one load of wheat, one load of rye and one load of millet for a volume of sermons written by a German monk.—London Standard.

OUTDOOR MACHINERY.

One Class of Engine That Is Not Housed to Protect It From the Weather.

The oldest type of engine represented at the Pan-American Exposition is the windmill. The earliest mention we have of a windmill being employed to do any work was in Alexandria 150 B. C., when an invention driven by wind power was employed to operate a musical instrument. As even this must have been the product of evolution it leaves us entirely in the dark as to the actual origin. However, we know that windmills were employed in useful labor in many parts of Europe long before Columbus discovered America.

These old windmills were quaint affairs. Some of them floated on water and were turned by hand to meet the vagaries of the wind. A later development was built on a post, and still later the roof of the building was pivoted, which allowed the building itself to remain stationary.

It remained for the engineers of the nineteenth century to construct a wind engine that was at once simple, useful and practical. The amount of power developed and usefully applied by this time honored invention amounts in the aggregate to hundreds of thousands of horsepower.

At the Pan American Exposition a group of windmills will be gathered together and planted in a corner of the grounds, where they will be required to pump water and in other ways demonstrate their usefulness. These will comprise many different types, showing the evolution of the engine from the old fashioned four sail pattern down to the ordinary multitudinous sprocket plan in which the sail area is automatically adjusted to the wind pressure and the speed is regulated by a governor. Some of these engines will develop a tremendous power, while others are simply devised as a cheap and reliable means of working a farmer's pump.

Experiments extending over a period of years have been conducted for the purpose of generating electricity by this means. Developments along these lines so far have not been entirely satisfactory, though indications point to ultimate success. The difficulties met with are principally owing to the inconstancy of the wind, which must be overcome by storing up the energy of the gale to be given off as required. As the slow development of the storage battery retards this important achievement we await with impatience the improvements in this direction that we know ought to be made. The time will undoubtedly come when electric lighting will be done in this manner—in fact, the electric light plant in a village in Scotland is now partially operated by a wind wheel which is built on the horizontal principal.

To those unfamiliar with the production of the wind engine as used at the present time a visit to this section of the Exposition will be a revelation. Hitherto this early invention has been useful merely to the farmer and stockman. Possibilities in the immediate future point to a much wider and more extended usefulness when power from this source will be bottled up in storage batteries and shipped to distant points to be used in the mechanic arts.

HERBERT SHEARER.

Shudders At His Past.

"I recall now with horror," says Mail Carrier Burnett Mann of Levanna, O., "My three years of suffering from Kidney trouble. I was hardly ever free from dull aches or acute pains in my back. To stoop or lift mail sacks made me groan. I felt tired, worn out, about ready to give up, when I began to use Electric Bitters, but six bottles completely cured me and made me feel like a new man." They're unrivaled to regulate Stomach, Liver, Kidneys and Bowels. Perfect satisfaction guaranteed by. F. Potts green drug store Only 50 cents.

—Senator Quay is said to be considering the purchase of a new home, this time in the city of Lancaster. He is already a man of many domiciles. If it were not supposed he owns the State capitol we would suggest that he purchase that for a home.

Foley's Honey and Tar
for children—safe, sure. No opiates.
All druggists.

AN UNEQUALED RECORD.

THERE IS A RAPIDLY INCREASING VOLUME OF BELLEFONTE EVIDENCE ROLLING UP FOR THE GREAT MEDICINE, DR. A. W. CHASE'S NERVE PILLS.

It would seem that hardly anyone can take Dr. A. W. Chase's Nerve Pills without receiving marked benefit. The wonderful action of this medicine in putting people on their feet who are in a weak run down condition is the talk of every place they are known. It is only a short time since they first came to Bellefonte yet today they are more in evidence for merit with Bellefonte people than all other medicines combined.

Soloman Garrett of No. 301 Allegheny St., Bellefonte, Pa., says:—"I had been feeling very much run down for a long time. My head ached a great deal and I felt tired and sore all over. I was also bothered with sleeplessness at night. I saw Dr. A. W. Chase's Nerve Pills so highly recommended I got a box at Krumrine's Drug Store and they did me a great deal of good. I felt first rate after using them and have no hesitation in recommending them to others."

Dr. A. W. Chase's Nerve Pills are sold at 50c a box at dealers or Dr. A. W. Chase Medicine Co., Buffalo, N. Y. See that portrait and signature of A. W. Chase, M. D. are on every package.

Presbyterian Women's Foreign Missionary Society In Session in Philadelphia.

PHILADELPHIA, April 25.—The first business session of the thirty-fifth annual assembly of the Presbyterian Women's Foreign Missionary society was held here yesterday, with Mrs. C. P. Turner, of this city, president, in the chair. The morning session was devoted principally to the reading of reports and other routine matters. A number of missionaries in foreign fields were introduced and made brief addresses.

Mrs. C. N. Thorpe, secretary for India, discussed the results accomplished in that country during the past year, which were encouraging. She stated that at least five millions of people had died of starvation as a result of the famine in India.

Mrs. M. Newkirk presented a report on the progress of missionary work in China and Korea.

Reports were also presented by Mrs. C. E. Morris, secretary for Siam, South America and Syria, and Mrs. W. H. Danielson secretary for Africa, Japan, Mexico and Persia.

An address was made by Miss Mitani Tami San, a graduate of Joshi Gokuim, Tokio, Japan.

CASTORIA.
Bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher. The Kind You Have Always Bought

Fell From a Garret Window.

The 16 months old child of Mrs. E. Martin fell from the garret window of the family residence Monday night at Milton and died Tuesday from the injuries received. Mrs. Martin visited the garret to do some housecleaning. The child went with her and was allowed to play about the room while she worked. Suddenly the woman was startled by a noise, and turning quickly, was astounded to see the baby toppling out of the window, which was close to the floor. The child's skull was fractured, as she alighted on her head.

CASTORIA.
Bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher. The Kind You Have Always Bought

—Mrs. Maud G. Saxton, aunt of Mrs. McKinley, died at her home in Canton, Ohio, on Thursday.

POPULAR PUBLICATIONS—POPULAR PRICES

THE NEW-YORK WEEKLY TRIBUNE has for nearly sixty years been recognized as the People's National Family Newspaper, for farmers and villagers. Its splendid Agricultural Department, its reliable market reports, recognized authority throughout the country; its fashion notes, its Science and Mechanics Department, its fascinating short stories, etc., etc., render it indispensable in every family. Regular subscription price, $1.00 per year.

NEW-YORK TRI-WEEKLY TRIBUNE published on Monday, Wednesday and Friday, is a complete up to date daily newspaper, three days in the week, with all important news of the other four days. Profusely illustrated, and filled with interesting reading for all who wish to keep in close touch with news of the nation and world. Regular subscription price, $1.50 per year.

In connection with The Tribune we offer to those who desire to secure the best magazines, illustrated weeklies and agricultural journals, the following splendid inducements:

	Regular Price One Year.	With Weekly Tribune, One Year.	With Tri-Weekly Tribune, One Year.
North American Review, New York City	$5.00	$5.00	$5.50
Harper's Magazine, New York City	4.00	4.00	4.50
Harper's Bazar, New York City	4.00	4.00	4.50
Harper's Weekly, New York City	4.00	4.00	4.50
Century Magazine, New York City	4.00	4.00	4.50
St. Nicholas Magazine, New York City	3.00	3.00	3.50
McClure's Magazine, New York City	1.00	1.30	1.95
Frank Leslie's Monthly, New York City	1.00	1.25	1.85
Munsey's Magazine, New York City	1.00	1.35	2.00
Success, New York City	1.00	1.10	1.75
Ledger Monthly, New York City	1.00	1.20	1.75
Puck, New York City	5.00	5.00	5.50
Judge, New York City	5.00	5.00	5.50
Leslie's Weekly, New York City	4.00	4.00	4.50
Review of Reviews, New York City	2.50	2.50	3.15
Scribner's Magazine, New York City	3.00	3.50	3.90
American Agriculturist, New York City	1.00	1.25	1.85
Rural New Yorker, New York City	1.00	1.25	1.75
Cosmopolitan Magazine, Irvington, N. Y.	1.00	1.25	1.90
Country Gentleman, Albany, N. Y.	2.00	2.00	2.50
Farm Journal, Philadelphia, Penn.	.50	1.00	1.50
Lippincott's Magazine, Philadelphia, Penn.	3.00	3.00	3.50
Youth's Companion, Boston, Mass.	1.75	2.25	2.90
Farm and Home, Springfield, Mass.	.50	1.00	1.50
New England Homestead, Springfield, Mass.	1.00	1.25	1.85
Good Housekeeping, Springfield, Mass.	1.00	1.00	1.65
Farm, Field and Fireside, Chicago, Ill.	1.00	1.00	1.65
Orange Judd Farmer, Chicago, Ill.	1.00	1.25	1.85
Epitomist, Indianapolis, Ind.	.50	1.00	1.50
Ohio Farmer, Cleveland, Ohio	.60	1.00	1.65
Michigan Farmer, Detroit, Mich.	.60	1.00	1.65
Farm and Fireside, Springfield, Ohio	.50	1.00	1.50
Farm News, Springfield, Ohio	.50	1.00	1.50
Home and Farm, Louisville, Ky.	.50	1.00	1.50
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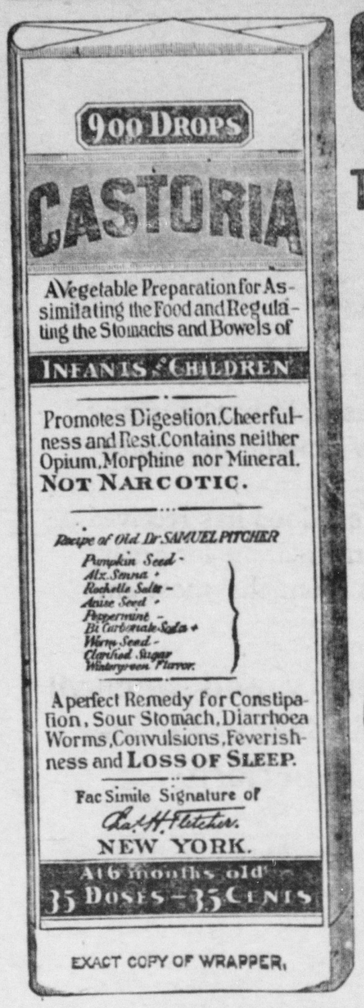
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CASTORIA
A Vegetable Preparation for Assimilating the Food and Regulating the Stomachs and Bowels of
INFANTS & CHILDREN
Promotes Digestion, Cheerfulness and Rest. Contains neither Opium, Morphine nor Mineral.
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Recipe of Old Dr SAMUEL PITCHER
A perfect Remedy for Constipation, Sour Stomach, Diarrhoea Worms, Convulsions, Feverishness and LOSS OF SLEEP.
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35 DOSES—35 CENTS
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The Kind You Have Always Bought

Bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher.

In Use For Over Thirty Years

CASTORIA

THE CENTAUR COMPANY, NEW YORK CITY.

An Interesting Letter from a Bellefonte Boy in the Philippines.

MATUAG, PHILIPPINE ISLANDS.
Feb. 22, 1901.

Mr. Crittenden, my friend:

Since I last wrote to you we have made a change of station. We are now 225 miles from Donsol on Magdalena Bay. We landed here Jan. 19, under a heavy fire from the natives secreted on a high bluff overlooking the town which we now occupy. We fought our way to the deserted church which was our quarters for several weeks. Whenever any of us ventured out we would be sure to hear the report of a Remington or a Mauser rifle. Not a few of us had many narrow escapes. They would sometimes skulk around out of sight even within 30 or 40 feet us. I could never believe that our company could go through what it has and be intact.

We have had over 100 skirmishes and battles and have not yet lost a man and only 2 wounded. We have seen more service and had less sickness than any other company in the regiment.

This town of Mantuag has only one church with half a roof, two Spanish Hemp store houses, a Tribunal and about 25 native houses. The streets are overgrown with grass, weeds, and bushes. The native soldiers keep away in the back ground dressed exactly as we are so as not to be distinguished. We have only a few prisoners; 13 were released yesterday.

While I am writing this the news comes that Gen. Victoria and his entire command has surrendered to Lieut Dick of this regiment at Irrocene. It has practically broken the insurrection in this province and has a bearing on the whole cause. All the Bellefonte boys are well and send their regards. Best wishes for your success. I am very sincerely yours,

Serg't. E. R. TAYLOR,
Co. D, 47th Inf., U. S. A.

Two Italians Blown Up.

About 3 o'clock Thursday afternoon, Tony Vallie and Fred Condo, Italians, were blown up in the upper quarry of Morris' Armor Gap operations. The men were preparing to set off a blast when it suddenly exploded, killing Tony Vallie outright and injuring Fred Condo so that he will probably die, both of his eyes were blown out and he was otherwise hurt. Both men are unmarried and have been in this country for about 8 years. Condo was taken to the Lock Haven hospital Thursday evening.

Information received Friday afternoon from the Lock Haven hospital states that the sight of one of Fred Condos eyes is hopelessly destroyed the physician at the hospital, however, confidently expect to save the sight of the other eye.

—The State Council of the D. A. R. at a special meeting held in Philadelphia last week elected Miss Susan Frazier of Lancaster State Regent vice Mrs. Louis W. Hall deceased. This action of the State Council has created much feeling among chapters in middle and western Pennsylvania and a protest against the validity of the election will be filed with the National council at its regular meeting in Washington this week.

CASTORIA.
Bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher. The Kind You Have Always Bought

—The christian Scientists are being savagely attacked by the press and preachers of New York City, on account of several recent deaths.

A Dreary April.

The present month of April will go on record as the most dreary and cloudy in many years. The rainfall has been above the average, and there have been but four days of sunshine up to the present time. None of the showers of the month has been of the type that bring forth May flowers. The maximum mercury has been 64 Fahrenheit and the minimum 38. The only cooler April recorded was in 1874, when the maximum was 63 and the minimum 18. The rainfall has been excessive to the measure of about two inches. In the April of 1896 the temperature reached 93, and there were two weeks of excessive warm weather.

Old Soldier's Experience.

M. M. Austin, a civil war veteran, of Winchester, Ind., writes: "My wife was sick a long time in spite of good doctor's treatment, but was wholly cured by Dr. King's New Life Pills, which worked wonders for her health. They always do. Try them. Only 25c at F. Potts Green drug store.

A Lock Haven Industry.

The Lock Haven Silk mill is one of the most successful industrial institutions in that progressive city. The plant is running 257 looms. The floor space in the company's big building will accommodate eight more looms and these will be put in position within the next few weeks. The pay-roll carries 320 names and the output of the mill is at present 3,100 yards of silk and taffeta silk per day, which is every Wednesday and Saturday shipped to New York city.

—Lock Haven is after the encampment of the Third Brigade, N. G. P., for this summer, and the citizens have already taken steps to secure it. A committee has been appointed to visit Harrisburg and lay the matter before Governor Stone and his military council. General Gobin, brigade commander, is said to favor the selection of Lock Haven for the brigade encampment.

—News has been received at the Navy Department at Washington, D. C., of the death of Commander Charles O. Alibone, commanding the gunboat Wilmington, at Cavite, Thursday afternoon, from heart failure. Commander Alibone was a native of Pennsylvania, and was appointed to the Naval Academy from the State of New Jersey.

—An adjourned meeting of Huntingdon Presbytery will be held in Tyrone on the 8th day of May for the purpose of dissolving the pastoral relation of Rev. H. H. Henry and the Birmingham and Warriorsmark Presbyterian churches, and dismissing him to the Newark, N. J., Presbytery.

—In the reorganization of the Carnegie Steel company, Daniel Clemson, formerly of Scotia and brother of Frank H. Clemson, of that place, retains his position as a member of the board of directors. It is said that Mr. Clemson may be made president of lake transportation for the United States Steel corporation.

—Pensions granted by the Pension department at Washington on Thursday include George W. Gray, of Milesburg, $12 a month; the minors of George Cohen, of Stoystown, $12 a month; William Trester, Lamar, $8 a month, and Edward Pardonner, Osceola Mills, $8 a month.

—Isaac Buck, one of the oldest and most esteemed residents of Warriorsmark, died at his home in that place Friday morning, aged 83 years, 7 months and 9 days. The deceased was a brother of Christ. Buck, of Unionville.

CUBAN COMMISSION.

Members Thereof Visit the City of Washington.

CALLED ON PRESIDENT McKINLEY

Later Had a Conference With Secretary Root in His Office During Which the Platt Amendment Was Discussed.

STATE DINNER IN THE EVENING

WASHINGTON, April 26.—The Cuban delegation from the convention which is framing the constitution for the new island republic saw President McKinley twice Thursday, once in the early part of the day, when there were introductions and a formal exchange of expressions of friendship between the United States and Cuba, and again at night, when the members of the delegation were the guests of honor at a state dinner at the white house. The real business which brought the delegation here was transacted with Secretary Root at the war department, the president in the forenoon interview at the white house said to the delegates that he would confer with the secretary, who would act as his representatives in conferences over the Cuban situation. The delegation and Secretary Root were closeted for, some hours in the afternoon in a discussion of the relations of the island to the United States. Secrecy was observed as to the conference, the statement being made that after results were reached some news as to the conclusions might be made public.

Matters of importance were not touched upon in the interview between the president and the delegation, the conversation being almost wholly formal. Senor Capote, in his address to the president, spoke of the desire of the Cubans to have the closest possible relations with the United States. He said that United States soldiers and Cubans had fought side by side and driven Spain from the island, and the ties between the two countries, were bound in blood. The relationship therefore, between the countries, always should be most amicable and closer than that which usually exists between nations. He also spoke of the gratitude which Cuba felt to the United States for the assistance rendered in her liberation.

In response the president expressed his pleasure at meeting the delegation and desired through them to extend his kindest wishes to the people of the island. He said that his interest in Cuba always had been very great and he made reference to messages he had sent to congress concerning the island. Its welfare always would be the subject of his most earnest consideration. He congratulated the members of the delegation upon being members of the Cuban constitutional convention. He said it was a high honor and it fell to the lot of but few men to have the opportunity to frame a government for a republic. Concerning the object of the delegations visit, the president said he would confer with the secretary of war, and the secretary, having an intimate knowledge of the situation, would confer with the delegation.

Itching, Burning, Creeping Crawling

Skin Diseases relieved in a few minutes by Dr. Agnew's Ointment. Dr. Agnew's Ointment relieves instantly, and cures Tetter, Salt Rheum, Scald Head, Eczema Ulcers, Blotches, and all eruptions of the Skin. It is soothing and quieting and acts like magic in all Baby Humors. Irritation of the Scalp or Rash during teething time. 35 cents a box.—80

Sold by F. Potts Green.

Grief Caused Her Death.

Mrs. Hannah Meitzler, sister-in-law of Peter Meitzler, of Lock Haven, died at her home in Newark, N. J., Saturday afternoon, April 20th. The remains were taken to Williamsport and funeral services held at the home of her brother, John M. Laux, 714 Maple street, Wednesday afternoon at 2 o'clock. Interment in Williamsport cemetery, Washington street.

Four members of the Meitzler family have died within the past two years. A son died about nine months ago and five weeks ago a daughter died. Grief over the death of her children is believed to have caused the death of Mrs. Meitzler.

For Over Fifty Years.

Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup has been used for over fifty years by millions of mothers for their children while teething with perfect success. It soothes the child, softens the gums, allays all pain, cure wind colic, and is the best remedy for diarrhoea. It will relieve the poor little sufferer immediately. Sold by all druggists in all parts of the world. Twenty-five cents a bottle. Be sure and ask for "Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup" and take no other kind.

FIRE NEAR EAGLEVILLE.

Five Horses Burned With a Barn.

The large barn of David Robb, three miles north of Eagleville, was destroyed by fire Wednesday night. All the contents of the barn, consisting of the crops, and implements were burned. Five horses and several cows perished in the flames. The origin of the fire is not known.

Exposure

To cold and stormy weather opens the way to an attack of bronchitis. The man on the wagon, be he farmer, milkman or truckman, needs to pay special heed to the first symptoms of weakness or disease of the organs of respiration.

The use of Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery will cure bronchitis, deep-seated coughs, bleeding of the lungs, and other conditions which if neglected or unskillfully treated terminate fatally in consumption.

There is no alcohol in the "Discovery," and it is entirely *free* from opium, cocaine and other narcotics.

"For seven years I had been troubled with what the doctors called bronchitis," writes Mr. Arthur Maule (general merchant), of Nilestown, Middlesex Co., Ontario. "A year ago, after I had been taken sick with a severe attack, I began taking your 'Golden Medical Discovery,' I rapidly recovered from the attack and felt no more of it that fall. This season I began taking the 'Discovery' in August, and have so far been perfectly well. I can go out in all kinds of weather and not feel the bronchial trouble at all. Let me say to all who are suffering from such complaints to give Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery a fair trial, and I am convinced that good results will be obtained."

Dr. Pierce's Common Sense Medical Adviser, paper-bound, is sent *free* on receipt of 21 one-cent stamps, to pay expense of mailing *only*; or 31 stamps for the book in cloth binding. Address Dr. R. V. Pierce, Buffalo, N. Y.

Ex-Sheriff Condo to be Reimbursed.

The House of Representatives on Tuesday finally passed the bill directing the Commissioners of Centre county to reimburse ex-Sheriff John P. Condo, of Millheim, in the amount of the judgment, cost and expenses obtained against him by the estate of Emma R. Goodman, for damages arising out of the arrest of William R. Ettlinger at Woodward several years ago. The amount involved may reach $1,800. The friends of the ex-Sheriff will be pleased to hear of his good fortune and no one will question the justice of the legislative action.

How's This?

We offer One Hundred Dollars Reward for any case of Catarrh that cannot be cured by Hall's Catarrh Cure.

F. J. CHENEY & CO., Props., Toledo, O. We, the undersigned, have known F. J. Cheney for the last 15 years, and believed him perfectly honorable in all business transactions, and financially able to carry out any obligation made by their firm.

WEST & TRUAX, Wholesale Druggists, Toledo, O. WALDING, KINNAN & MARVIN, Wholesale Druggists, Toledo, O.

Hall's Catarrh Cure is taken internally, acting directly upon the blood and mucous surfaces of the system. Price, 75c. per bottle. Sold by all druggists. Testimonials free.

Hall's Family Pills are the best.

J. Frank Condon a Suicide.

J. Frank Condon, the well known court reporter, was found dead in his office in Altoona Thursday morning. He had shot himself with a revolver, the ball entering his right ear and lodging in his head. It is thought the rash act was committed during the previous afternoon as he had not been seen since that time, and a telegram written then and addressed to his brother, stating that he would be dead when the message was received, was found on his office table near where the body rested in the chair. The decensed did not leave any statement as to the cause for taking his own life, but as he had been in ill health for some time it is supposed that he became despondent and determined to die to end his suffering.

The deceased was aged about 58 years and was a native of Blair county. He is survived by a widow and one son who reside in Johnstown. During the Civil war he served with the 133rd Penn'a Vol. Mr. Condon was for several years the official court reporter for Centre county and was extremely popular with those with whom he associated. His untimely end will be regretted and especially so since it was occasioned by his own hand.

Fought For His Life.

"My father and sister both died of Consumption," writes J. T. Weatherwax, of Wyandotte, Mich., "and I was saved from the same frightful fate only by Dr. King's New Discovery. An attack of Pneumonia left an obstinate cough and very severe lung trouble, which an excellent doctor could not help, but a few months' use of this wonderful medicine made me as well as ever and I gained much in weight." Infallible for Coughs, Colds and all Throat and Lung trouble. Trial bottles free. Guaranteed Bottles 50c and $1.00 at. F. Potts Green drug store.

—George Barden, a well known Beech Creek engineer, was married at Snow Shoe on Saturday, April 20th, to Miss Anna Walker, a well known young lady of the latter place. They will make their home at Mahaffey.

—The Senior Class of the Bellefonte High School at a class meeting Thursday afternoon selected Rev. Wilford P. Shriner, of the Methodist Episcopal church to preach the baccalaureate sermon to the class on Sunday, June 2nd.

The Great Scourge

of modern times is consumption. Many cures and discoveries from time to time are published but Foley's Honey and Tar does truthfully claim to cure all cases in the early stages and always affords comfort and relief in the very worst cases. Take no substitutes. All Druggists.

TWO ALTOONA BOYS

They Are in the List Made Public by Secretary of War.

ARE ORDERED TO BE EXAMINED

If They Pass They Will be Appointed First or Second Lieutenants in the Regular Army Under the New Bill.

STAYER AND STEELE PROMOTED

WASHINGTON, April 25.—The secretary of war Wednesday made public the names of fifty eight men selected for first and second lieutenants in the regular army under the army reorganization bill. All of these men have had service either in the state or national volunteers or in the regular army. They have been ordered for examination and should they pass will be appointed. The selections were made from the various states. Pennsylvania received an allottment of thirty-three.

In this list are two Altoona boys, one of whom, Edgar Stayer is well known to many Bellefonte people.

Edgar Stayer, one of the successful regular army appointees, is a son of Dr. and Mrs. A. S. Stayer, of 1501 Seventh avenue Altoona. He was born at Roaring Spring in 1874 and received a common school education in the schools at that place. Later he entered and was graduated from Wurtemburg college and began the study of law. He began his military career with the Fifth regiment, National Guard of Pennsylvania. He entered it as a private and rose to the rank of adjutant. When the Spanish-American war broke out he went south to Chickamauga with the regiment, being a battalion adjutant. While there he became a member of General Wiley's staff and served on it until the regiment was mustered out. When men were wanted for service in the Philippines Stayer left his law studies and was commissary of the Twenty-eight regiment, United States volunteers, which was organized at Camp Meade, Pennsylvania. His record has been a good one and he found favor with his commanding and fellow officers.

George E. Steele is a son of David Steele, assistant trainmaster of the Pittsburg division, of 1939 West Chestnut avenue Altoona. He was born at Irwin, Pa., and is 25 years of age. He received a common school education in the schools of Irwin, Scottdale and Altoona. He was a law student and when the Spanish-American war broke out he enlisted and served as a private in the Eighteenth regiment National Guard of Pennsylvania. After being mustered out he acted as timekeeper on railroad work. When regiments were being enlisted for service in the Philippines Steele joined the Forty-third regiment, being the third man to be accepted by Captain John S. Fair, Altoona. He made a good soldier and before the regiment sailed away he was made a corporal. In the Philippines he rose to sergeant and for excellent service was made a second lieutenant.

CASTORIA

For Infants and Children.

The Kind You Have Always Bought

Bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher.

A Former Bellefonte Lady Dead.

Mrs. Margaret Templeton, a former resident of Bellefonte and quite well known here, died Wednesday morning at her home in Oval, Lycoming county, of pneumonia. She was apparently recovering from this disease when she was taken with a relapse which ended fatally.

The maiden name of the deceased was Margaret Tate and she was the daughter of William Tate, a prominent citizen of Mifflinburg, Union county, where the subject of this sketch was born 81 years ago. She was married to Samuel Templeton, of Freeport, Ill., now deceased. She was a sister of Col. D. K. Tate and of George W. Tate, both of this place, but now deceased.

She was a sincere christian lady and an earnest member of the Presbyterian church. The funeral took place Saturday morning from her late home.

A Fireman's Brave Act.

Tuesday while a passenger train was running between DuBois and Red Bank, a little girl was seen toddling along the railroad ahead. As the train could not be stopped in time, Clarence M. Lierd, the fireman, walked out to the cow-catcher, and while holding himself with his hands shoved the child off the track with a quick movement of his foot. The child picked itself up unhurt and scampered across the fields to its home.

—It all depends upon where you get your information. Official news says Aguinaldo doesn't wish to visit the United States, while what purports to be an interview with him makes him say that he very much desires to pay us a visit. As a matter of fact the public is little concerned but it is safe to assume that his compatriots in this country would welcome a visit from him.

Consumption

is, by no means, the dreadful disease it is thought to be—in the beginning.

It can always be stopped—in the beginning. The trouble is: you don't know you've got it; you don't believe it; you won't believe it—till you are forced to. Then it is dangerous.

Don't be afraid; but attend to it quick—you can do it yourself and at home.

Take Scott's Emulsion of Cod Liver Oil, and live carefully every way.

This is sound doctrine, whatever you may think or be told; and, if heeded, will save life.

If you have not tried it, send for free sample, its agreeable taste will surprise you.

SCOTT & BOWNE, Chemists,
409 Pearl Street, New York.
50c. and $1.00; all druggists.

Another Suicide at Osceola.

Jacob D. Gearhart, of Osceola Mills committed suicide Tuesday by drinking a quantity of carbolic acid. Family troubles are said to have been the cause of his rash act. He was nearly seventy years of age, and besides his wife leaves four sons and one daughter. He had for more than thirty years been one of the representative citizens of Osceola and had the respect and confidence of everybody. By occupation he was a teamster, and had amassed considerable money and property. He was also a prominent member of the Presbyterian church, an honored member of the Ancient Order of United Workmen, and a man whose many pleasing qualities won for him a very large circle of friends.

It is only two weeks since Mrs. Homer Southards, of Osceola Mills, committed suicide.

Catarrh for 20 Years Cured in a Few Days.

Hon. Geo. James, of Scranton, Pa., says: "I have been a martyr to Catarrh for 20 years, constant hawking, dropping in the throat and pain in the head, very offensive breath. I tried Dr. Agnew's Catarrhal Powder. The first application gave instant relief. After using a few bottles I was cured. 10 cents.—1

Sold by F P Green.

—A new boiler will take the place of the one that exploded some time ago at the Douty mill, near Rebersburg. All the men that were hurt in the accident will be able to work except Mr. Wohlfort, who is still confined to his bed, but is in a remarkably good shape.

HOOD'S PILLS cure Liver Ills, Billousness, Indigestion, Headache. Easy to take, easy to operate. 25c.

Fell Sixty Feet.

William Harris, aged 60, a carpenter, fell 60 feet to his death Tuesday afternoon at Williamsport. He was engaged in finishing up the big addition at the Lycoming pants factory, when he unwittingly stepped backward and plunged down the elevator shaft from the fifth floor.

He alighted on his head and knees in the basement. His skull was fractured and both legs broken. He died five minutes after the accident. A dozen fellow-workmen saw Harris take the terrible tumble, several of them fainting.

—The "Sock" social given in the lecture room of the Methodist church Thursday evening by the Ladies' Aid society proved an enjoyable affair and a financial success. Nearly $70 were realized.

Over-Work Weakens Your Kidneys.

Unhealthy Kidneys Make Impure Blood.

All the blood in your body passes through your kidneys once every three minutes.

The kidneys are your blood purifiers, they filter out the waste or impurities in the blood.

If they are sick or out of order, they fail to do their work.

Pains, aches and rheumatism come from excess of uric acid in the blood, due to neglected kidney trouble.

Kidney trouble causes quick or unsteady heart beats, and makes one feel as though they had heart trouble, because the heart is over-working in pumping thick, kidney-poisoned blood thrpugh veins and arteries.

It used to be considered that only urinary troubles were to be traced to the kidneys, but now modern science proves that nearly all constitutional diseases have their beginning in kidney trouble.

If you are sick you can make no mistake by first doctoring your kidneys. The mild and the extraordinary effect of Dr. Kilmer's **Swamp-Root**, the great kidney remedy is soon realized. It stands the highest for its wonderful cures of the most distressing cases and is sold on its merits by all druggists in fifty-cent and one-dollar sizes. You may have a sample bottle by mail free, also pamphlet telling you how to find out if you have kidney or bladder trouble. Mention this paper when writing Dr. Kilmer & Co., Binghamton, N. Y.

Home of Swamp-Root.

The Bellefonte Republican

To CORRESPONDENTS.—No communication published unless accompanied by the real name of the writer.
Correspondents should write upon but one side of the paper and avoid the use of pale or fancy inks.

WILBUR F. HARRIS

Local Department.

—Radiant spring has arrived at last and everyone is in the mood to give her a joyous welcome.

—Friday evening, June 7, has been fixed as the date for the annual tea and reception at the Academy.

—Impossible to foresee an accident. Not impossible to be prepared for it. Dr. Thomas' Electric Oil Monarch over pain.

—Frank Walk of Taylor township, was discharged from Jail Monday, having first filed his petition for discharge under the insolvent laws.

—Two million Americans suffer the torturing pangs of dyspepsia. No need to. Burdock Blood Bitters cures. At any drug store.

—The county commissioners are having the fountains and the angel in front of the Court house repainted. Joseph McSuley is doing the work.

—Coughs and colds, down to the very borderland of consumption, yield to the soothing, healing influences of Dr. Wood's Norway Pine Syrup.

—Dickinson played base ball at State College Thursday afternoon. Only seven innings were played. the score resulting 12 to 6 in favor of State.

—Mrs. Charles H. McClain, of North Penn street, entertained the officers and teachers of the Methodist Sunday School at her home Friday evening.

—The Zion band is receiving great praise on all sides for their excellent playing while with the Odd Fellows at their recent celebration in Williamsport.

—The Undine Fire company, of Bellefonte, has appointed its picnic committee and on the 4th of July are going to give the people a great surprise at Hecla Park.

—Scratch, scratch, scratch; unable to attend to business during the day or sleep during the night. Itching piles, horrible plague. Doan's Ointment cures. Never fails, At any drug store, 50cts.

—Mrs. A. M. Mott has sold out the marble business conducted by her late husband to Milton Johnson who will continue the business in the future at the same stand.

—Miss Stella Guggenheimer daughter of Isaac Guggenheimer, formerly of this place, was married at 12:30 Monday at the Mercantile club in Philadelphia to Barnet L. Solomon of that city.

—The managers of the Women's Exchange in the W. C. T. U. rooms have turned over to the Petrikin Memorial fund $50 obtained through the Exchange sales.

—A representative delegation of Bellefonte Odd Fellows went to Williamsport Friday morning to take part in the grand parade of the order in that city. The Zion band accompanied the party.

—Bertha Cross, who is ill with diphtheria at the home of George Harbaugh on Curtin street is reported to be improving as are also James and Mary Harshberger children of H. H. Harshberger of North Penn street, who are suffering from the same disease.

—Robert Cole, of Bellefonte, has designed a plan for the proposed new city hospital at Lock Haven. It is a modern building and has all conveniences for such an institution. The people of Lock Haven are ahead of our town in this respect, and have raised considerable money for the new building.

—The Euchre Club was delightfully entertained by Mrs. W. Fred Reynolds at her beautiful home on West Linn street Thursday evening. Mrs. Henry C. Quigley, Mr. L. T. Munson and Mr. John M. Dale were the prize winners and were the recipients of handsome favors as the reward of their skill and victory.

—Monday evening the pulley rope which holds the upper sash of one of the plate glass windows at the First National bank broke and the window fell with a crash shattering the glass into fragments. It was too late to have it repaired that night so constable H. H. Montgomery was pressed into service as extra watchman to guard the bank over night.

—The successful contestants in the preliminary debate contest held at the Academy on last Friday afternoon were Brosius, Caldwell, Fleming, Hoy, Munson and Pratt. These debaters will compete on Friday, May 31, for two prizes of $10 and $5 respectively, offered by the young alumni of the Academy. The question selected for the prize contest is—Resolved, that the machine though an evil, is necessary in politics.

—At the County S. S. Convention held at Milesburg last week the following officers were elected for the ensuing year: president, Rev. J. M. Rearick, Centre Hall; vice president, Rev. H. I. Crow, Hublersburg; corresponding secretary, Rev. A. A. Black, Boalsburg; recording secretary, Mr. W. S. Smith, Centre Hall; treasurer, Mr. A. Lukenbach, Bellefonte; secretary Home department, Rev. D. E. Hepler, Lemont; secretary Normal work, Rev. A. Z. Myers, Philipsburg; secretary of Primary work, Miss Helen Overton, Bellefonte; executive committee, Rev. C. T. Aikens, Pine Grove Mills, and C. M. Bower, Bellefonte.

The Second Week of Court.

Specially Reported by W. Harrison Walker.

The second week of April term of court opened at 9:30 Monday morning with Hon. Jno. G. Love, P. J., on the bench.

The most important case that was to have been tried was that of Rose Sternberg Lyon vs Gustav Lyon but on Saturday last satisfactory terms of settlement were agreed upon and the case fully settled, and hence is not on the calendar for the week.

Quite a number of other cases were marked continued and settled, a full report of which will appear in tomorrow's issue.

Most of the forenoon session was taken up in the presentation of motions and petitions by the attorneys at the Bar.

The six cases on the week's list in which A. D. Potts is plaintiff and A. McCoy, J. Frank McCoy, trading as A. McCoy & Son, were all continued on account of Wm. McCoy's illness.

The divorce case of Lilly Fleck vs Valentine A. Fleck was settled by the parties.

The case of Lehigh Valley Coal Co., vs Jacob F. Folmer, admr. of Patrick Ward Sr., deceased, Pat. Ward Jr., Jno. Gunsallus and Pat Kelly, assumpsit, plea "non assumpsit" was marked continued on account of the illness of a material witness on part of the defense.

The case of C. F. Gillen vs the Adams Express Co., assumpsit, was submitted to the court in the nature of "case stated." No witnesses were called on either side. The court took statement of plaintiff's claim and answer and agreement and will dispose of the same.

In the case of Laura H. Mull, et. al. vs The Coaldale Mining Co., the plaintiffs sometime ago asked for a rule to file a supplementary statement, and upon argument today the rule was made absolute, statement filed, case continued.

The case of J. B Ard vs J. N. Everts and S. E. Everts, defendants and G. E. Corl, garnishee was settled, discontinued and costs paid before Court called.

A verdict was rendered in the case of Lehigh Valley Coal Co., vs Sam'l Marsh, Jacob Quiggle, Geo. Merrill, Rob't Newberry and Adam Squires, in favor of the plantiff for all the land claimed by said company. None of the defendant's appeared.

The case of Com. of Penna. ex rel. Rosa Lyon vs Moyer Lyon, Gust Lyon, S. M. Buch, W. A. Lyon and A. Allison was settled and discontinued.

At March term of argument court the case of Fannie K. Barnhart vs Bellefonte borough the rule to show cause why a new trial should not be granted was argued. The court Monday afternoon filed an opinion refusing a new trial in the event the plaintiff accepted the sum of $400 in settlement of the case. The jury rendered a verdict in favor of the plaintiff for $500 but for reasons set forth in the opinion of the court the Judge was satisfied that the conditional degree was the best that could be made under the circumstances.

The first case called Tuesday morning was that of S. M. Stancliff & Co., now for the use of Thos. Meyer versus Adam Cowher, Wilson Williams, Jos. Harpster, Harry Adams and R. C. Thompson. This was an action of assumpsit brought on certain school orders signed by 3 of the directors of Worth twp., for the order and purchase of 6 sets of mathematical blocks for the use of the schools of that district which order was dated May 6, 1897, and in the sum of $195 with interest. During the trial of the case it appeared from the testimony that G. J. Woodring, signed the order as secretary of the board of directors and also several of the other directors, and that the order was given by these directors before a school board meeting was held, and that later on the order was not ratified by the school directors. The suit was brought to hold the parties who signed the order, personally, and after the case was closed on part of the plaintiff the court made an order striking from the record the names of Wilson Williams and R. C. Thompson (two of the directors who had not signed the order.) Counsel for defendants made a motion for a compulsory non-suit, giving quite a number of reasons for so doing, which was accordingly entered by the court.

A voluntary non-suit was entered in the case of S. M. Stancliff & Co., for the use of Thos. Meyer vs the school district of Worth twp.

Court adjourned at 11:45 to 2 p. m.

The only case disposed of Tuesday afternoon was that of Jno. A. Hunter vs Geo. Taylor, being a writ at replevin issued at the instance of plaintiff to obtain possession of goods in the hands of defendant, Case settled and costs paid.

—Early Wednesday morning Wm. Lyon's driver lost a pocket book containing fifteen or eighteen dollars somewhere between Lyon's stable on East Lamb street and Collin's furnace. As the young man is poor the loss is quite a severe one to him and it is to be hoped that the finder will return the pocketbook and money to its rightful owner.

—The House of Representatives on Tuesday passed finally the Snyder anti-oleomargarine bill, which has been the subject of much contention and bitter discussion: The vote on the bill was 148 yeas to 38 nays.

—Best set of teeth at Dr. Geissingers for $8.00. d-1m-w-4t

A COMING ENTERTAINMENT.

"Around the World With the Man in the Moon."

The amusement loving public of Bellefonte will be entertained on the evenings of May 15 and 16 by the magnificent comic opera, "Around the World With the Man in the Moon." The cast will be largely made up of home talent and will have over 300 persons in it. The play will be given in the opera house for the benefit of the Petrikin Hall and Library fund. The Watkins, N. Y., Democrat speaks of the production there in the following complimentary terms:

"Never before has an entertainment been offered to the public possessing such a peculiar fascination for young and old. The thorough manner in which the large number of persons connected with the performance are being drilled promises success, and a large audience should be present. The opera is described as a fantastic dramatic spectacle with a well defined plot, quaint and interesting story set in frame work of dazzling scenery, surprising transformations, beautiful music, magnificent costumes and wonderful electrical effects." Some of the scenery and costumes used in the New York productions will be sent here. That the opera has met the requirements and filled the bill is apparent from the very flattering notices it has received elsewhere."

Death of David Harshberger.

David, son of Squire H. H. Harshberger of North Penn street, died at his father's home on Sunday evening of diphtheria, aged about 8 years. The funeral occurred Monday and the remains were laid to rest in the Curtin cemetery. David was a bright, lovable little fellow whose short life was almost constantly disturbed by sickness. Skillful medical attendance and loving care and nursing resisted the numerous attacks of disease upon him until in some unaccountable way diphtheria laid its blighting touch upon him and his weakened physical condition was unable to combat the ravages of the dread malady. A sister and brother, Mary and James, are down with the disease but their doctor is hopeful of accomplishing their recovery. The sympathy and prayers of the friends and neighbors of Mr. and Mrs. Harshberger go out to them in their sorrow and affliction. May God give them comfort and strength to endure their grief and vouchsafe to them the lives of the little ones endangered by the disease that has already claimed one victim.

Prompt Payment of Insurance.

John C. Bair, regent, and Chas. Smith, secretary, of Bellefonte Council Royal Arcanum, paid on Monday to Mrs. Aikens $3,000, being the amount of insurance carried in that organization by her late husband, J. A. Aikens. As it has been only about two weeks since the death of Mr. Aikens it shows great promptness on the part of this society in paying death claims.

Bellefonte council has been in existence for about 10 years, and has now a membership of over 80 and is composed of our leading citizens and business men, who recognize the fact that it is the cheapest insurance that can be had.

The *Royal Arcanum* has a membership of over 250,000, in the United States, with a surplus of cash in the treasury of $1,500,000, and is the only fraternal organization in the United States with one dollar of assets. And in amount of insurance in force it ranks with the largest companies in our country, and no company pays its death losses more promptly.

A Chimney Afire Creates an Excitement.

The Water Works whistle exercised the functions of the official fire alarm Saturday morning about 10 o'clock and started a stampede of the population to the west ward. The occasion for the excitement was discovered to be a chimney afire in the house owned by Dr. M. A. Kirk on South Thomas street and occupied by engineer Jerry Nolan. The fire department responded promptly to the alarm but their services were not required as the misbehavior of the aforesaid chimney was effectively checked by individuals arriving first on the scene. Slight, if any damage was done.

Give Us a Crossing Cleaner.

It would be a move in the right direction if the Street commissioner were to deputize one of his employes to keep those crossings in the town, most traveled, in a cleanly condition. It frequently happens that they are obstructed in a way that makes them exceedingly offensive to pedestrians, ladies especially. A man with a broom whose duty it would be to keep crossings clean and in good order would be a much appreciated innovation in our highway department.

Found Hummel's Gold.

Mr, and Mrs. Joseph Moon, of Black Hole valley, who were so unfortunate as to lose their home and almost everything they had a short time ago, have found money believed to have been destroyed. In screening the ashes they found $40 in gold which Wm. Hummel gave them. Bank officials at Montgomery say the money is all right. Two pieces are burned a little at the edges.

—An evidence of the arrival of the sweet, balmy and gentle spring time was seen on West High street Saturday—a girl of about twelve years in her bare feet.

PERSONAL PENCILINGS.

Mrs. Wm. T. Speer is confined to her bed by illness.

Ellis L. Orvis Esq., was an Altoona visitor Friday.

Mrs. Samuel Lewin is visiting friends in Baltimore, Md.

Rev. Ralph Illingworth was a Bellefonte visitor Friday.

Col. Edward Pruner, of Tyrone, spent Sunday in Bellefonte.

Miss Lucy Potter is visiting the Sommervilles at Winburne.

Al. S. Garman of Tyrone was an arrival in town Friday morning.

Delanne Stewart, of Pine Glen, was a Bellefonte visitor Saturday.

Frank H. Clemson, of Scotia, was a Bellefonte visitor Thursday.

Mrs. W. S. Zeller left for a visit to Lock Haven Friday afternoon.

W. M. Holmes, of Wilkinsburg, Pa., is visiting friends in this vicinity

Miss Elizabeth Walker, of Reedsburg, is visiting friends in Mill Hall.

Fred Bottorf, of Pine Grove Mills, was in attendance at court Thursday.

John A. Woodward of Howard transacted business in town Thursday.

S. Cameron Burnside, of Philadelphia was a Bellefonte visitor Saturday.

George Williams, of Lemont, was a business visitor in town Thursday.

Robert Larimer, of Pittsburg, is visiting his mother, Mrs. Sadie Larimer.

Cyrus W. Hunter, of Stormstown spent a few days of last week in Bellefonte.

Miss Marsell Kelley, of Bellefonte, is visiting friends and relatives at Romola.

Mrs. Scott Bricker of Boalsburg spent Friday with her many friends in town.

J. S. McCargar was a business visitor to Philipsburg Wednesday of last week.

J. H. Sands returned home Saturday afternoon from a trip to New York city.

Harry Valentine returned home Thursday morning from a trip through the west.

Mr. and Mrs. Philip Beezer returned Saturday evening from a visit to Lincoln, Neb.

Col. J. L. Spangler was registered at the Logan house, Altoona, Wednesday night.

Mr. and Mrs. Edward H. Richard returned from a Philadelphia visit on Friday night.

Hardware merchant Jas. H. Potter has returned from a business trip to New York city.

Eugene Wentzel, chemist at the Bellefonte Furnace, spent Sunday at his home in Bellwood.

Mrs. M. H. Wilson and Miss Blanche Hays are home from a brief visit in Philadelphia.

John Dughi and John Calvert both from Altoona were trout fishing in this vicinity Saturday.

Miss Laura Rumberger, of Unionville, is visiting her sister, Mrs. Edward Griest, of Philipsburg.

Mrs. James B. Curtin, of Roland, is visiting her sister Mrs. Howard M. Walker, of Philipsburg.

Mrs. J. A. Aikens, of this place, was the guest of Tyrone friends Tuesday and Wednesday of last week.

Mrs. Maria D. Rhoads returned home Thursday morning from a visit to her son, Joseph, at Jamestown, N. J.

T. R. Hamilton, of East Howard street, spent a few days last week with his brother Thomas in Williamsport.

John I. Markle, one of Pine Grove Mills progressive citizens was a pleasant caller at this office while in town last week.

The Misses Benner, of West High street, have returned home from an extended visit in Ithaca, N. Y., and Atlantic City.

Mrs. James Hillibish, of Bellefonte, returned home Tuesday from a visit to her brother, Samuel Mitchell, at Philipsburg.

A. Scott Harris, Manager of the quarries of the Bellefonte Lime company at Salona was in Bellefonte for several days last week.

Mrs. W. P. Kuhn and daughter Ruth, of Bellefonte, are visiting with Mrs. Kuhn's mother Mrs. Lydia H. Barr, at Alfrata, Mifflin county.

Miss Louisa G. Harper returned Saturday afternoon from a several week's visit with relatives and friends in Lock Haven and Williamsport.

Mrs. Robert Moore, of Philipsburg, is spending this week in Lemont, having been called there by the serious illness of her mother, Mrs. Peter Schreck.

Mrs. Margaret Hutchinson, of East Howard street, went to Williamsport Saturday for a visit at the home of her son Thomas, who resides in that city.

D. R. Thomas, whose election as supervisor of Snow Shoe township was contested by his Republican opponent, will get the office, the court having so decided.

State Printer, W. Stanley Ray was a prominent lay member of the legislative committee who tarried at the Bush House Thursday night enroute to State College.

State Veterinarian Leonard Pearson was in Bellefonte a short while on Thursday afternoon. He had been to State College on business connected with his department and tarried in our city enroute to Harrisburg. Dr. Pearson is one of the few officials of the State government whose retention in office is a distinct credit to the administration.

ROYAL BAKING POWDER — ABSOLUTELY PURE

No other article used in the domestic economy of the household has so many enthusiastic friends among the housekeepers of America.

No other article of food has received such emphatic commendation for purity and wholesomeness from the most eminent authorities.

The great popularity and general use of the Royal Baking Powder attest its superiority.

The "Royal Baker and Pastry Cook"—containing over 800 most practical and valuable cooking receipts—free to every patron. Send postal card with your full address.

Avoid the imitation powders. They are sold cheap because they are made from alum. But alum is a poison dangerous to use in food.

ROYAL BAKING POWDER CO., 100 WILLIAM STREET, NEW YORK.

Hon. P. E. Womelsdorf, of Philipsburg was a Bellefonte visitor Wednesday.

A. A. Stevens Esq., of Tyrone, transacted business in Bellefonte Monday.

Mrs. Frank Sasserman and little son Fred, are visiting friends in Lock Haven.

Mrs. D. H. Hastings is visiting her daughter, Mrs. Ross Hickok, in Harrisburg.

Senator W. C. Heinle departed Monday evening for Harrisburg to resume his legislative duties.

Thomas Blythe, of Madera, is rusticating at the Nittany Rod and Gun Club House at Hecla Park.

Miss Erba Stevens, of Bellwood, was the guest over Sunday of her friend Miss Nellie Ryan, of this city.

Mrs. A. A. Newbaker, of Danville, is visiting her daughter, Mrs. J. Malcolm Laurie, of this place.

Col and Mrs. James P. Coburn returned home Monday evening from Aaronsburg where they spent Sunday.

Rev. C. H. Heisler, D. D., president of Susquehanna University at Selinsgrove will preach in the Lutheran church at this place both morning and evening next Sunday May 5th.

Frank W. Cole, of Lewistown, spent Sunday at Nigh Bank at the home of his father-in law, Benjamin Gentzel. Mrs. Cole and little daughters Clara and Elsie, had been here for several weeks and they accompanied Mr. Cole back to Lewistown on Monday.

Street Commissioner Thomas Shaughnessy, went to Philadelphia Wednesday night to attend the funeral today of his neice Mrs. James Jordon who died at her home in that city Tuesday. Mrs. Jordon, who was Miss Annie Shaughnessy, had frequently visited in Bellefonte and had a large circle of acquaintance here who will be pained to hear of her death.

Miss Stella McGee of McGee's Mills, Clearfield county, was the guest over Sunday of her brothers John and George McGee, students at the Academy. Miss McGee has a fine musical education and is a singer of rare ability. In the morning she sang in the Presbyterian church and in the evening in the Methodist. She has a deep, rich voice, highly cultivated and under perfect control.

The Matrimonial Market.

There was a slump in the matrimonial market this week only three marriage licenses having been issued during the past week by Register A. G. Archey.

They were as follows:

George Poltech and Mary Kish, both of Clarence, Pa.

Bruce J. Miller and Ellie E. Jordon, both of Shingletown.

Charles A. Klinglea, of Middleburg, and Emma M. Wood, of Boalsburg.

UNCLAIMED LETTER LIST.

The following letters remain in the Bellefonte postoffice uncalled for April 29th, 1901:

Mrs. John Butler, Mrs. F. E. Butler, Mrs. M. Comlon, Ruby Hall, Urilla Hughes, Geo. B. Kaufman, John Miller "farmer," Walter Miller.

When called for please say advertised.

W. W. MONTGOMERY, P. M.

—Daniel E. Fleming, of Centre Hall has been named as one of the nine members of the graduating class of the Lock Haven Normal school who will be speakers at the school commencement to be held on Wednesday, June 26th.

—H. T. Harvey, of Lock Haven, will deliver the Memorial Day address in that city on the evening of May 30.

TUESDAY'S FIRE.

Three Stables Become a Prey to the Angry Flames.

Tuesday afternoon about half past four o'clock fire broke out in the stable on the property of Benjamin Smith on the north east side of Cherry alley between East Bishop and East High streets. How the fire started is a mystery but it is believed to have been of incendiary origin. It was discovered by a little son of William Wolf who lives next door and who reported the fact to Mrs. Smith.

The fire spread with great rapidity and soon the stable was destroyed with its contents of hay, grain, tools and spring wagon. The only live stock in the stable was several hogs which were saved.

From the Ben Smith stable the flames spread to the pig pen and coal house on Wm. Wolf's property which it destroyed and from there to a building on Geo. W. Smith's place which was used as a stable, chicken house and tool house combined. This was totally destroyed with some hay, grain and garden tools.

The fire then leaped across the alley to a stable on the south side on the property occupied by a man named Dunkle and owned by the Samuel Walkey estate, but this was only partially destroyed.

A high wind prevailed at the time and only the prompt and effective work of the Logan and Undine Fire companies prevented a much more serious conflagration.

Benjamin Smith's loss will be about $200 with $100 insurance. George W. Smith's loss is about $150 partially covered by insurance. There was nothing in the Walkey stable and the damage is about $100 fully covered by insurance. Wm. Wolf had no insurance. His loss is about $75.

BASE BALL SATURDAY.

Bellefonte High School Defeats Hecla Park.

Quite an interesting game of base ball was played at Hecla Park Saturday afternoon between the Bellefonte High school and Hecla Park resulting in a victory for the High school by the score of 24 to 11.

The feature of the game was the pitching of Twitmire. Double plays, Taylor to Brown. Struck out by Twitmire 13 by Otto 1, by McMullen 6. Two base hits Armstrong, Brown, J, Taylor 4, H. Workman. Umpire, McMullen

BELLEFONTE.

	R	H	O	A	E
Otto 1st b	2	3	4	2	1
H. Taylor 3rd b	3	3	4	2	0
J. Taylor s. s.	3	6	2	4	1
Brouse 2nd b	3	3	0	4	1
Longacre l. f.	4	3	0	0	0
Twitmire, p	3	2	3	4	0
Armstrong, c. f	3	4	1	0	0
Brown, 1st b	2	4	5	0	1
Robb, r. f	1	2	0	0	0
Totals	24	30	19	16	4

HECLA PARK.

	R	H	O	A	E
J. Herman 3rd b	1	1	3	1	1
L. McMullen, p	2	1	3	1	1
W. Zimmerman 1st b	1	1	14	0	0
H. Workman c	2	2	2	0	0
S. Zimmerman r. f	2	1	1	0	0
W. Harnich c. f.	2	1	0	0	2
W. Workman s. s	0	0	3	1	1
Woods, 2nd b	0	0	0	0	1
Fisher, l. f.	1	1	1	0	0
Total	11	8	27	3	6

Death of Mrs. Sarah Fearon.

Mrs. Sarah Fearon, a lady well known in Bald Eagle Valley, died at Lock Haven on Tuesday, April 23rd after an illness of about three weeks. She was 85 years of age. For several years after her marriage to Robert Fearon she resided in Bald Eagle valley and afterwards in Nittany Valley. Her husband preceded her to the grave several years ago. The funeral occurred from her late residence in Lock Haven on Friday afternoon and interment was made at the Cedar Hill cemetery.